[This page is intentionally blank]

Published Works

127

I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Yakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 113-126.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." 1948. Mass Communications. Ed. Wilbur Lang Schramm. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1949. 102-115.

1950

Books

National Security and Individual Freedom. Committee for Economic Development Research Study. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1950. 259 pp.

Lasswell examines issues related to national defense, the threat of the garrison-police state, and the need for comprehensive national security policy. He also reviews the roles in national security of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of government as well as the public's role, including committees on national security and individual freedom.

Reprinted:

National Security and Individual Freedom. Civil Liberties in American History. New York: Da Capo Press, 1971.

Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry. By Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. Yale Law School Studies, No. 2. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1950. 295 pp.

Viewing political science as a study of the shaping and sharing of power, the authors systematically categorize, define, and examine the units, interactions, functions, structures, and processes associated with the shaping and sharing of power in society. The major concepts discussed include persons, perspectives, groups, influence, power, symbols, practices, functions, structures, and process.

Reprinted:

Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry. By Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. International Library of Sociology and Social Reconstruction. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1952.

Published Works

129

"Publics, Public Opinion, and General Interests." (Selections.) By Harold Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. Public Opinion and Propaganda: A Book of Readings. Ed. Daniel Katz, Dorwin Cartwright, Samuel Eldersveld, and Alfred McClung Lee for the Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1954. 66-69.

Articles

"Can We Defeat the Propaganda of International Communism?" A radio discussion by William Benton, Harold Lasswell, and David Sarnoff. The University of Chicago Round Table 647 (20 Aug. 1950): 1-12.

Followed by excerpts from United States Senate hearings on an expanded International Information and Education Program, this radio discussion focuses on Communist propaganda. The participants first define Communist propaganda and then make proposals for counteracting propaganda, including the clarification of national values and purposes and the exposure of negative statements in international Communist propaganda.

"The Conditions of Security in a Bi-Polarizing World." Proceedings of the American Society of International Law 44 (1950): 3-8.

Conditions which heighten insecurity in the world are analyzed. According to Lasswell, achieving a transition to the security of a free commonwealth involves the proper correlation of conditioning factors.

"Discussion." American Political Science Review 44 (1950): 422-425.

This article, one of four discussions of Charner Perry's article "The Semantics of Political Science," outlines nine considerations for political science.

"Our Columnists on the A-Bomb." By Janet Besse and Harold D. Lasswell. World Politics 3 (1950): 72-87.

The authors analyze how fifteen major news columnists treated the atomic bomb and related foreign affairs issues from 7 August 1945 to 31 December 1948. They conclude that, on the whole, the columnists share a feeling of civic responsibility.

"Propaganda and Mass Insecurity." Psychiatry 13 (1950): 283-299.

Lasswell introduces this discussion of propaganda and mass insecurity by defining the terms and by presenting a model of a totalitarian society in which "the language of command" replaces propaganda. Next, he analyzes the need of the United States for national security in relation to the role of propaganda. He argues that propaganda either can give way to incitement and the garrison-police state or can support national security without diminishing individual freedom. The article concludes with the questions and answers that followed its original presentation as a lecture.

Reprinted:

- "Propaganda and Mass Insecurity." *Personality and Political Crisis*. Ed. Alfred H. Stanton and Stewart E. Perry. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1951. 15-43.
- "A Definition of 'Propaganda.'" (Excerpt.) Voice of the People: Readings in Public Opinion and Propaganda. Ed. Reo M. Christenson and Robert O. McWilliams. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1962. 321-322.
- "A Definition of 'Propaganda.'" (Excerpt.) Voice of the People: Readings in Public Opinion and Propaganda. Ed. Reo M. Christenson and Robert O. McWilliams. 2nd ed. McGraw-Hill Series in Political Science. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1967. 320-321.
- "Psychology and Political Science in the U.S.A." Contemporary Political Science: A Survey of Methods, Research, and Teaching. Paris: UNESCO, 1950. 526-537.

Psychology is viewed by Lasswell as a set of intensive, interpretive tools which are of value for the study of politics. Its primary influence on political theory has been terminological and methodological. He also suggests some future implications for the use of psychology in political studies.

"The Universal Peril: Perpetual Crisis and the Garrison-Prison State." Perspectives on a Troubled Decade: Science, Philosophy and Religion, 1939-1949: Tenth Symposium. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, and R. M. MacIver. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper, 1950. 323-328.

Lasswell maintains that the current world revolutionary pattern can lead either to the garrison-prison state or to a world commonwealth of free men. Perpetual crisis, with its continual preparation for war, favors emergence of the garrison-prison state due to the internal consequences of militarization.

"What Freedom of Information Means to You." A radio discussion by William Benton, Erwin Canham, and Harold Lasswell. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 620 (5 Feb. 1950): 1-14.

Declaring ignorance public enemy number one, the discussants suggest that true freedom of information – a "Marshall Plan of ideas" – would greatly enhance prospects for world peace. Lasswell cites the launching of two wars by Germany as due in part to insufficient information about the strength of the United States. This discussion is followed by the text of addresses by Connecticut senators McMahon and Benton.

Reviews

The American Journal of Sociology 55.4 (1950) [Proc. of the Seminar on Communication and Public Opinion held at the University of Chicago. Aug. 1949]. Public Opinion Quarterly 14 (1950): 151-152.

Conflicting Patterns of Thought, by Karl Pribram. New York University Law Review 25 (1950): 438-439.

Reprints

"Democracy through Public Opinion." 1941 (excerpts from *Democracy through Public Opinion*). Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 469-482.

"Nations and Classes: The Symbols of Identification." 1935 (excerpt from World Politics and Personal Insecurity). Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 28-42.

Politics: Who Gets What, When, How. 1936. New York: Peter Smith, 1950.

"The Requirements." 1947 (excerpt from A Free and Responsible Press: A General Report on Mass Communication: Newspapers, Radio, Motion Pic-

tures, Magazines, and Books). By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 483-488.

"The Theory of Political Propaganda." 1927. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 176-180.

"Why Be Quantitative?" 1949. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 265-277.

World Politics and Personal Insecurity. 1935. A Study of Power. By Harold D. Lasswell, Charles E. Merriam, and T. V. Smith. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 1-307.

1951

Books

The Policy Sciences: Recent Developments in Scope and Method. Ed. Daniel Lerner and Harold D. Lasswell with Harold H. Fisher, Ernest R. Hilgard, Saul K. Padover, Ithiel de Sola Pool, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 344 pp.

This volume reviews the nature of the policy sciences, the research procedures used in the policy sciences, and the applications of the policy sciences for contemplating and manipulating policy. Chapters are by Lasswell, Shils, Mead, Arrow, Hyman, Likert, and Merton, among others.

Reprinted:

Available through University Microfilms International.

The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1951. 525 pp.

This book reprints Psychopathology and Politics (1930) and Politics: Who Gets What, When, How (1936). It also includes a new essay, "Democratic Character" (1951).

Reprinted:

132

The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1979.

Pamphlets

Symbols of Internationalism. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Hoover Institute Studies, Series C: Symbol, No. 3. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 73 pp.

This monograph presents research from the RADIR (Revolution and the Development of International Relations) project research on international political symbols. Using content analysis of editorials from major British, French, Russian, German, and American newspapers from 1890 through 1949, this study examines hostility and friendship, isolationism, and the process of diplomatic relations. It finds a high correlation between attitudes expressed in the editorials and other measures of international relations.

Reprinted:

"Symbols of Internationalism." (Adapted.) By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, et al. *The Prestige Press: A Comparative Study of Political Symbols*. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1970, 222-279.

The World Revolution of Our Time: A Framework for Basic Policy Research. Hoover Institute Series A: General Studies, No. 1. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 66 pp.

This pamphlet presents an overview of the underlying assumptions as well as the scope and method of project RADIR (Revolution and the Development of International Relations). The primary consideration is the study of ongoing revolutionary change and the projection of alternative courses of desirable and undesirable development. Developmental constructs are used to organize the study and to clarify preferred policies as well as the potential paths of revolutionary change.

Reprinted:

"The World Revolution of Our Time." (Selection.) Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings. Ed. Roy C. Macridis and Bernard E. Brown. Rev. ed. Homewood, IL: Dorsey Press, 1964. 493-510.

The World Revolution of Our Time: A Framework for Basic Policy Research.
World Revolutionary Elites: Studies in Coercive Ideological Movements.
Ed. Harold D. Lasswell and Daniel Lerner. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 29-96.
See also 1965 article entry for this title.

"The World Revolution of Our Time." (Selection.) Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings. Ed. Roy C. Macridis and Bernard E. Brown. 3rd ed. Homewood, IL: Dorsey Press, 1968. 148-160.

"The World Revolution of Our Time." (Selection abridged.) Harold D. Lasswell on Political Sociology. Ed. Dwaine Marvick. The Heritage of Sociology. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1977. 177-220.

Available through University Microfilms International.

Articles

"Can We Prevent a Police State?" Et Veritas 5.6 (1951): 19-23.

Lasswell advocates the least possible loss of individual freedom in the face of a national security threat. He specifically opposes secret police, pointing out the function of the press in supplying information to the public. He suggests that Committees on National Security and Individual Freedom might be formed to assist students and faculty who become suspect.

"Comparative Analysis of Political Ideologies: A Preliminary Statement." By Daniel Lerner, Ithiel Pool, and Harold D. Lasswell. *Public Opinion Quarterly* 15 (1951): 715-733.

Statistical techniques of content analysis are used to study political symbols in a sample of editorials that appeared in the prestigious newspapers of five countries between 1890 and 1949. Focusing on attention, this component of the RADIR (Revolution and the Development of International Relations) project tended to confirm the

hypothesis that the variety of symbols used is reduced in times of war and totalitarianism. Much of the article is devoted to a description of the methodology used.

"Democratic Character." The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Glencoc, IL: Free Press, 1951, 465-525.

Tracing historical arguments about character and constitution, Lass-well discusses "the democratic community" in terms of human dignity and shared values. He includes more recent conceptions of the roots of national character, focusing on the interplay of predisposition and environment.

Reprinted:

"Democratic Character." The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1979, 465-525.

"Does the Garrison State Threaten Civil Rights?" Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science 275 (1951): 111-116.

Lasswell reviews how militarization works and suggests that the trend toward militaristic or garrison-police states remains strong. Lasswell suggests that the "civic garrison" and its superior positive incentives are, in contrast to the Soviet appeal, more likely to ensure individual freedom and human dignity.

"The Immediate Future of Research Policy and Method in Political Science." American Political Science Review 45 (1951): 133-142.

Lasswell considers what research can and should be conducted by academic political scientists. Political science is defined in functional terms as the study of power (that is, decision making). Continuing surveys of trends, pretesting, and the potential role of the American Political Science Association receive particular attention.

"The Policy Orientation." The Policy Sciences: Recent Developments in Scope and Method. Ed. Daniel Lerner and Harold D. Lasswell with Harold H. Fisher, Ernest R. Hilgard, Saul K. Padover, Ithiel de Sola Pool, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 3-15.

Lasswell suggests that a cross-disciplinary policy orientation has been developing which is directed toward both the policy process itself and the intelligence needs of that process. He argues that the focus of the policy sciences is at once narrower than the psychological and social sciences but includes all relevant data from these disciplines. The specific concern of the policy sciences, however, is how policy is made and carried out and how policy problems are interpreted, ultimately in order to enhance human dignity.

Reprinted:

"The Policy Orientation." The American Political System: Notes and Readings. Ed. Bernard E. Brown and John C. Wahlke. Dorsey Series in Political Science. Homewood, IL: Dorsey Press, 1967. 339-348.

"Political and Psychological Warfare." Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Policy Sciences Book. New York: George W. Stewart, 1951. 261-266.

This article defines psychological warfare, a basic strategy of war. Political warfare, a more inclusive concept, is briefly mentioned.

Reprinted:

"Political and Psychological Warfare." A Psychological Warfare Casebook. Comp. William E. Daugherty with Morris Janowitz. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins Press, 1958. 21-24.

"Political and Psychological Warfare." Propaganda in War and Crists: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. International Propaganda and Communications. New York: Arno Press, 1972. 261-266.

"Political and Psychological Warfare." A Psychological Warfare Casebook.

Comp. William E. Daugherty [with Morris Janowitz]. Johns Hopkins
University Press Reprints. New York: Arno Press, 1979. 21-24.

"Propaganda." Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1951 ed.

This encyclopedia article defines and explains *propaganda*, tracing its history, functions, techniques, and role in a free society. Subsections include The Determiners of Propaganda, Strategy, Tactics, and Control.

Reprinted:

"Propaganda." Encyclopaedia Britannica. 14th ed.

Annual printings from 1951 through 1973; revised in 1966 and more extensively in 1968 to add a section called The Propaganda Process.

"The Scientific Study of Bipolar Attitudes." American Journal of Psychiatry 107 (1951): 644-649.

Ten propositions about the bipolar structure of world politics and the accompanying threat of war are discussed in terms of the goal of achieving attitudes supporting peaceful settlement of problems between nations.

"The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." Proceedings of the Academy of Political Science 24 (1951): 214-226.

Lasswell accounts for the inconsistencies and consistencies of Soviet propaganda by defining its purpose, to dominate the world with the least material expenditure possible. When propaganda succeeds in reducing the costs of war or war preparations, it thereby conserves resources. To accomplish this end, Russian propaganda progresses in three stages: creating indoctrinated nuclei, cooperating with other groups to build coalitions, and seizing power.

Reprinted:

- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." Headline Series, No. 86. New York: Foreign Policy Association, 1951. 57-62.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Policy Sciences Book. New York: George W. Stewart, 1951. 26-38.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." Military Aspects of World Political Geography. Vol. 3 of Air Science. Montgomery, AL: Air University, Air Force Officers' Training Corps, 1954. 122-128.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." The Process and Effects of Mass. Communication. Ed. Wilbur Schramm. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1954. 537-547.

- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. International Propaganda and Communications. New York: Arno Press, 1972. 26-38.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." *Headline Series*, No. 86. Millwood, NY: Kraus Reprint, 1973.

Available through University Microfilms International (Serials – Headline Series).

Reviews

- Anti-Semitism and Emotional Disorder: A Psychoanalytic Interpretation, by Nathan W. Ackerman and Marie Jahoda. "Personality, Prejudice, and Politics." World Politics: A Quarterly Journal of International Relations 3 (1951): 399-407.
- The Authoritarian Personality, by T. W. Adorno, Else Frenkel-Brunswik, Daniel J. Levinson, and R. Nevitt Sanford. "Personality, Prejudice, and Politics." World Politics: A Quarterly Journal of International Relations 3 (1951): 399-407.
- A Communist Party in Action: An Account of the Organization and Operations in France, by A. Rossi. American Journal of Sociology 57 (1951): 96.
- Dynamics of Prejudice: A Psychological and Sociological Study of Veterans, by Bruno Bettelheim and Morris Janowitz. "Personality, Prejudice, and Politics." World Politics: A Quarterly Journal of International Relations 3 (1951): 399-407.
- Group Life: The Nature and Treatment of Its Specific Conflicts, by Marshall C. Greco. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 20 (1951): 633-634.
- Introduction to Social Psychology, by Otto Friedman. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 20 (1951): 632-633.
- Prophets of Deceit: A Study of the Techniques of the American Agitator, by Leo Lowenthal and Norbert Guterman. "Personality, Prejudice, and Politics." World Politics: A Quarterly Journal of International Relations 3 (1951): 399-407.

Rehearsal for Destruction: A Study of Political Anti-Semitism in Imperial Germany, by Paul W. Massing. "Personality, Prejudice, and Politics." World Politics: A Quarterly Journal of International Relations 3 (1951): 399-407.

Translations

"Les sciences de la politique aux Etats-Unis." 1951 (revised from "The Policy Orientation"). Trans. J. G. and P. H. Maucorps. Les "sciences de la politique" aux Etats-Unis: Domaines et techniques. Ed. Harold D. Lasswell and Daniel Lerner. Cahiers de la Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques, No. 19. Paris: Librairie Armand Colin, 1951. 1-18.

Les "sciences de la politique" aux Etats-Unis: Domaines et techniques. 1951 (selections from The Policy Sciences: Recent Developments in Scope and Method). Ed. Harold D. Lasswell and Daniel Lerner. Cahiers de la Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques, No. 19. Paris: Librairie Armand Colin, 1951.

Reprinted:

Les Sciences de la Politique Aux États-Unis. Ed. Harold D. Lasswell and Daniel Lerner. Paris: Hachette; diffusion Presses de la Fondation Nationale des Sciences Politiques, 1974. (Reprod.) 4 microfiche. NPE.

Reprints

- "Language and Power." 1949 (selection from "Style in the Language of Politics"). Foundations of National Power. Ed. Harold Sprout and Margaret Sprout. 2nd ed. New York: D. Van Nostrand, 1951. 65-70.
- "Policy and the Intelligence Function." 1942 ("The Relation of Ideological Intelligence to Public Policy"). Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Library of Policy Sciences. New York: George W. Stewart, 1951. 55-68.
- Politics: Who Gets What, When, How. 1936. The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1951. 295-461.
- "Propaganda and Mass Insecurity." 1950. Personality and Political Crisis. Ed. Alfred H. Stanton and Stewart E. Perry. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1951. 15-43.

Psychopathology and Politics. 1930. The Political Writings of Harold D. Lasswell. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1951. 1-282.

- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." 1951. Headline Series, No. 86. New York: Foreign Policy Association, 1951. 57-62.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." 1951. Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Policy Sciences Book. New York: George W. Stewart, 1951. 26-38.

"World Organization and Society." 1946 ("The Interrelations of World Organization and Society"). The Policy Sciences: Recent Developments in Scope and Method. Ed. Daniel Lerner and Harold D. Lasswell with Harold H. Fisher, Ernest R. Hilgard, Saul K. Padover, Ithiel de Sola Pool, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 102-117.

1952

Books

Foundations of World Organization: A Political and Cultural Appraisal: 11th Symposium. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, Harold D. Lasswell, and R. M. MacIver. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper, 1952. 498 pp.

These forty-two conference papers and related comments are edited and organized around the following topics: social forces for world organization, experiences in international cooperation, and philosophical and religious bases for world organization.

Pamphlets

The Comparative Study of Elites: An Introduction and Bibliography. By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies, Series B: Elites, No. 1. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1952. 72 pp.

This study provides an overview of the elite concept and its place in the Hoover Institute's Project on Revolution and the Development of

141

Published Works

International Relations (RADIR). The conceptual framework and methodology of the RADIR elite studies are described.

The Comparative Study of Symbols: An Introduction. By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and Ithiel de Sola Pool. Hoover Institute Studies, Series C: Symbols, No. 1. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1952. 87 pp.

This volume is concerned with methodological problems in the systematic study of political symbols. The content analysis methodology used in the Hoover Institute's Project on Revolution and the Development of International Relations (RADIR) is outlined and explained. In addition, the problems and lessons of the RADIR project as a whole are reviewed.

Reprinted:

"The Comparative Study of Symbols: An Introduction." (Adapted.) By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and Ithiel de Sola Pool. The Prestige Press: A Comparative Study of Political Symbols. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1970. 1-61.

The "Prestige Papers": A Survey of Their Editorials. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Hoover Institute Studies, Series C: Symbols, No. 2. Stanford, CA: The Hoover Institute and Library on War, Revolution, and Peace at Stanford University and Stanford University Press, 1952. 146 pp.

This monograph reviews the methodology of the RADIR (Revolution and the Development of International Relations) project which studied prestigious newspapers in Britain, France, Germany, Russia, and America from 1890 through 1949. This study defines the sample used and explains how symbols, judgments, and changes were assessed.

Reprinted:

"The 'Prestige Papers.'" (Adapted.) By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, et al. *The Prestige Press: A Comparative Study of Political Symbols*. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1970. 62-148.

The Social Process As explained by Professor Harold D. Lasswell: film guide. No. 600. Wilmette, IL: Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, [1952], 4 pp.

This pamphlet, designed for instructional use, accompanies the 1952 film Social Process: Values and Institutions, produced with Lasswell's collaboration.

Symbols of Democracy. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Hoover Institute Studies, Series C: Symbols, No. 4. Stanford, CA: The Hoover Institute and Library on War, Revolution, and Peace at Stanford University and Stanford University Press, 1952. 80 pp.

This monograph is a product of the RADIR (Revolution and the Development of International Relations) project. It presents a study of the term *democracy* using content analysis of editorials from major British, French, Russian, German, and American newspapers from 1890 through 1949. It analyzes the appearances and editorial judgments of the key symbol (*democracy*) and its three major elements: representative government, freedom, and popular or mass orientation.

Reprinted:

"Symbols of Democracy." (Adapted.) By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, et al. *The Prestige Press: A Comparative Study of Political Symbols*. By Ithiel de Sola Pool with Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, Mary Chapman, Barbara Conner, Barbara Lamb, Barbara Marshall, Eva Meyer, Elena Schueller, and Marina S. Tinkoff. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1970. 149-221.

Articles

"Appraising the Effects of Technology." *International Social Science Bulletin* 4 (1952): 328-339.

Appraising the impact of technology, especially upon values, is proposed. Lasswell suggests using procedures such as self-observation, psychoanalysis, interviews, and so forth.

"Educational Broadcasters as Social Scientists." Quarterly of Film, Radio, and Television 7.2 (1952): 150-162.

Lasswell discusses the role of broadcasters in providing news and commentary. In this way, they act as social scientists, supplying the information or intelligence necessary for reasoned decisions about public policy.

"The Elite Concept." The Comparative Study of Elites: An Introduction and Bibliography. By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies, Series B: Elites, No. 1. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1952. 6-21.

The authors elaborate on the elite concept and present hypotheses about various changes in elite structures. Such changes are considered an index of revolution and social change in society.

Reprinted:

"The Elite Concept." By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. *Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings*. Ed. Roy C. Macridis and Bernard E. Brown. Homewood, IL: Dorsey Press, 1961. 59-66.

"The Elite Concept." By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. *The American Political Arena: Selected Readings*. Ed. Joseph R. Fiszman. Boston: Little, Brown, 1962. 83-91.

"The Elite Concept." By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. *Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings*. Ed. Roy C. Macridis and Bernard E. Brown. Rev. ed. Homewood, IL: Dorsey Press, 1964. 43-50.

"The Elite Concept." By Harold D. Lasswell, Daniel Lerner, and C. Easton Rothwell. *Political Elites in a Democracy*. Ed. Peter Bachrach. New York: Atherton Press, 1971. 13-26.

"Government Cooperation 'To Win the Peace.'" Foundations of World Organization: A Political and Cultural Appraisal: 11th Symposium. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, Harold D. Lasswell, and R. M. MacIver. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper, 1952. 345-350.

Speculating about postwar reconstructions, Lasswell identifies the principles of continuation and reincorporation which should be preceded by clarification and declaration of goals. Then, given a goal of world community respectful of human dignity, he proposes an ideal weapon, a "P" bomb or "paralysis" bomb that would immobilize without injury.

"National Security and Individual Freedom." Frontiers for Freedom. Ed. R. Gordon Hoxie. Proc. of the Twenty-fifth Anniversary Institute of the Social Science Foundation, University of Denver. Denver: University of Denver Press, 1952. 213-231.

Given existing world tensions, and despite our democratic values, Lasswell assesses ways in which the United States might move toward becoming a police state. He concludes with recommendations to help avoid such a prospect. The questions and answers following his talk are transcribed under Discussion, pages 229 to 231.

"Political Factors in the Formulation of Strategy." Naval War College Information Service for Officers 4.10 (1952): 49-64.

Lasswell classifies types of strategies, their means of employment, and their objectives or effects. He then uses eight value categories to trace American objectives from the values or preferences behind them.

Reprinted:

"Political Factors in the Formulation of Strategy." U.S. Naval War College International Law Studies: Readings in International Law from the Naval War College Review 1947-1977. Vol. 61. Ed. Richard B. Lillich and John Norton Moore. Newport, RI: Naval War College Press, 1980, 130-137.

Published Works

145

"Psychological Policy Research and Total Strategy." *Public Opinion Quarterly* 16 (1952): 491-500.

According to Lasswell, research in the fields of psychological policy and communications can influence the decision processes of the free world. Contributions to a common frame of world attention clarify goals and strategies as well as foster cooperation and other actions bringing into existence a unified body politic.

"The Threat to Privacy." Conflict of Loyalties. Ed. R. M. MacIver. Religion and Civilization Series. New York: Harper and Row for the Institute for Religious and Social Studies, 1952. 121-139.

The article outlines numerous modern threats to privacy (a subcategory of human dignity) as well as some adverse results of privacy.

Reprinted:

"The Threat to Privacy." Conflict of Loyalties: A series of addresses and discussions. Ed. R. M. MacIver. Religion and Civilization Series [Institute for Religious and Social Studies of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America]. Essay and General Literature Index Reprint Series. Port Washington, NY: Kennikat Press, 1969. 121-140.

Reviews

- Field Theory in Social Science, by Kurt Lewin, ed. Dorwin Cartwright. Human Relations 5 (1952): 99-100.
- How to Keep Our Liberty: A Program for Political Action, by Raymond Moley. Saturday Review 15 Mar. 1952: 46.
- Psychoanalysis and Politics: A Contribution to the Psychology of Politics and Morals, by R. E. Money-Kyrle. Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science 280 (1952): 218.
- Public Opinion 1935-1946, ed. Hadley Cantril. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 21 (1952): 567-568.
- Testament for Social Science An Essay in the Application of Scientific Method to Human Problems, by Barbara Wootton. American Economic Review 42 (1952): 406.

White Collar, by Charles Wright Mills. Yale Law Journal 61 (1952): 451-453.

Other Media

Social Process: Values and Institutions. Prod. John T. Bobbitt with the collaboration of Harold D. Lasswell. American Democracy Series. Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, 1952. NPE.
See The Social Process As explained by Professor Harold D. Lasswell: film

Translations

guide (1952).

"L' 'Analyse du Contenu' et le Langage de la Politique." 1949 (selections from Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics). Trans. J. R. Tréanton. Revue Française de science politique 2 (1952): 505-520.

Reprints

Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry. 1950. By Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. International Library of Sociology and Social Reconstruction. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1952.

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1952 ed. NPE.

- "The Psychology of Hitlerism as a Response of the Lower Middle Classes to Continuing Insecurity." 1933 ("The Psychology of Hitlerism"). Readings in Social Psychology. Ed. Guy E. Swanson, Theodore M. Newcomb, and Eugene L. Hartley for the Committee on the Teaching of Social Psychology of The Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues. Rev. ed. New York: Henry Holt, 1952. 171-177.
- "Self-Observation: Recording the Focus of Attention." 1948. Reader in Bureaucracy. Ed. Robert K. Merton, Ailsa P. Gray, Barbara Hockey, and Hanan C. Selvin. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1952. 425-430.

1953

Pamphlet

Research in International Communication: An Advisory Report of the Planning Committee. [By Hans Speier, Jerome Bruner, Wallace Carroll, Harold D.

Published Works

147

Lasswell, Paul Lazarsfeld, Edward Shils, and Ithiel de Sola Pool.] Cambridge, MA: Center for International Studies, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1953. 41 pp.

This committee report, prepared under the sponsorship of the Ford Foundation, outlines research possibilities for a four-year program devoted to international communication. It first reviews scientific, political, and methodological considerations for proposed projects. Next, the committee recommends sample projects and notes potential problems.

Articles

"Commentary" in "Religion and Modernization in the Far East: A Symposium." Far Eastern Quarterly 12 (1953): 163-172.

Lasswell examines the impact of Christianity on Asia in order to study interaction and diffusion between European and Asian cultures as well as the role of religion in social change.

"Research in Comparative Politics: Comments on the Seminar Report, II."

American Political Science Review 47 (1953): 661-663.

Along with five other discussants, Lasswell reacts to "Research in Comparative Politics," a report on the 1952 proceedings of the Social Science Research Council's Interuniversity Research Seminar on Comparative Politics held at Northwestern University. In this context, Lasswell comments on the merits and implications of the configurative approach.

"The Social Role of the Educational Television Station." Lincoln Lodge Seminar on Educational Television: Proceedings. Ed. Burton Paulu. Urbana, IL: National Association of Educational Broadcasters, 1953. 3-16.

A concept of the social role of educational television is presented. Within the context of the social process, communication is involved with both enlightenment and skill. Lasswell maintains that educational television should be used for public enlightenment and should contribute to the process of shaping opinion.

"Stabilization Technique and Patterns of Expectation." Income Stabilization for a Developing Democracy; A Study of the Politics and Economics of High

Employment Without Inflation. Ed. Max F. Millikan. Studies in National Policy, No. 5. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press; London: Geoffrey Cumberlege-Oxford University Press, 1953. 625-658.

Lasswell discusses the issue of economic stabilization. He maintains that stabilization requires the use of communication to influence the pattern of expectation.

Reprints

- "Democracy through Public Opinion." 1941 (excerpts from *Democracy through Public Opinion*). Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953, 469-482.
- "Nations and Classes: The Symbols of Identification." 1935 (excerpt from World Politics and Personal Insecurity). Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 28-42.
- "Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1953 ed. NPE.
- "The Requirements." 1947 (excerpt from A Free and Responsible Press: A General Report on Mass Communication: Newspapers, Radio, Motion Pictures, Magazines, and Books). By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 483-488.
- "The Theory of Political Propaganda." 1927. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 176-180.
- "Why Be Quantitative?" 1949. Reader in Public Opinion and Communication. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 265-277.

1954

Articles

"Key Symbols, Signs and Icons." Symbols and Values: An Initial Study: Thirteenth Symposium of the Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, R. M. MacIver, and Richard McKeon. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper, 1954. 199-204.

Lasswell discusses key signs, conservative standardizing factors in society. They provide economical cues for communication, triggering responses by evoking widely shared perspectives through allusion to a crisis or to the basic values of the society. Likewise, change in sign use is an indicator of important social changes.

"New Horizons in Human Relations." New Horizons in Creative Thinking: A Survey and Forecast. Ed. R. M. MacIver. Religion and Civilization Series. New York: Institute for Religious and Social Studies; New York: Harper, 1954, 139-146.

This article maintains that behavioral research has confirmed the importance of the values of affection, skill, enlightenment, rectitude, and respect in the social process and in individual lives.

"Political Factors in the Formulation of National Strategy." Naval War College Review 6.7 (1954): 19-37.

After analyzing world politics on the basis of power alignments rather than national identity, Lasswell turns to the role of the military strategist who faces these political realities. He suggests methods, including the use of eight value categories, for analyzing a potential opponent and the opponent's process of making political decisions. He continues with the relationship of such questions to American objectives and perspectives.

Reprinted:

"Political Factors in the Formulation of National Strategy." U.S. Naval War College International Law Studies: Readings in International Law from the Naval War College Review 1947-1977. Vol. 61. Ed. Richard B.

Lillich and John Norton Moore. Newport, RI: Naval War College Press, 1980. 138-148.

"Politics and Subversion." Freedom of Book Selection. Ed. Frederic J. Mosher. Proc. of the Second Conference on Intellectual Freedom, held in Whittier, CA, sponsored by the Committee on Intellectual Freedom, the Book Acquisitions Committee, and the Board on Acquisitions of Library Materials of the American Library Association. 20-21 June 1953. Chicago: American Library Association, 1954. 42-55.

The role of ideas and propaganda in the Soviet strategy of global encirclement is compared and contrasted with the role of ideas in the American quest for national security.

Reprinted:

"Politics and Subversion." The First Freedom: Liberty and Justice in the World of Books and Reading. Ed. Robert Bingham Downs. Chicago: American Library Association, 1960. 235-242.

"The Selective Effect of Personality on Political Participation." Studies in the Scope and Method of "The Authoritarian Personality." Ed. Richard Christie and Marie Jahoda. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1954. 197-225.

This article briefly sketches the development of various foci in political inquiry in order to characterize the state of such research. Lasswell notes the paucity of attention to political participation and personality as well as the parochial, noncumulative nature of empirical research in political science. He then outlines the implications of research on the authoritarian personality for the study of political personality and suggests several propositions about the power-centered person, defines values useful in analyzing the development of such persons, and explains a framework of development for the political personality.

"The World Revolutionary Situation." *Totalitarianism*. Ed. Carl J. Friedrich. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1954. 360-372.

The garrison-state hypothesis is discussed in relation to a world bipolarized between the United States and the Soviet Union. Lasswell considers the garrison process probable.

Published Works

Reprinted:

"The World Revolutionary Situation." *Totalitarianism.* Ed. Carl J. Friedrich. Universal Library Edition. New York: Grosset and Dunlap, 1964. 360-372.

Reviews

- Caste in a Peasant Society: A Case Study in the Dynamics of Caste, by Melvin M. Tumin. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 23 (1954): 457-458.
- Max Weber On Law in Economy and Society, by Max Weber, ed. Max Rheinstein, trans. Edward Shils and Max Rheinstein. Journal of Legal Education 7 (1954): 301-303.
- Nationalism and Social Communication: An Inquiry into the Foundations of Nationality, by Karl W. Deutsch. American Political Science Review 48 (1954): 554-556.
- Politics and the Constitution in the History of the United States, by William Winslow Crosskey. George Washington Law Review 22 (1954): 383-386.

Other Media

Defining Democracy (Democracy and Despotism). With the collaboration of Harold D. Lasswell. Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, 1954. NPE.

Translations

Kenryoku to ningen. 1948 (Power and Personality). Trans. Yônosuke Nagai. Tokyo: Sôgen-sha, 1954. NPE.

Reprints

- "The Garrison State." 1941. Contemporary Social Reform Movements: Principles and Readings. Ed. John Eric Nordskog. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1954. 259-268.
- "Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1954 ed. NPE.
- "Publics, Public Opinion, and General Interests." 1950 (selections from Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry). By Harold Lasswell

and Abraham Kaplan. Public Opinion and Propaganda: A Book of Readings. Ed. Daniel Katz, Dorwin Cartwright, Samuel Eldersveld, and Alfred McClung Lee for the Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1954. 66-69.

- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." 1951. Military Aspects of World Political Geography. Vol. 3 of Air Science. Montgomery, AL: Air University, Air Force Officers' Training Corps, 1954. 122-128.
- "The Strategy of Soviet Propaganda." 1951. The Process and Effects of Mass Communication. Ed. Wilbur Schramm. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1954, 537-547.

1955

Articles

"Current Studies of the Decision Process: Automation versus Creativity." Western Political Quarterly 8 (1955): 381-399.

Opening with a list of twenty questions for identifying data relevant to decision processes, Lasswell then considers such issues as formalization, experimental control, automation, and creativity. He maintains that rational and highly mathematical models often seek to eliminate the discretion of choice makers. Suggesting that creativity is necessary to avoid pitfalls in "automated" procedures and to link models to concrete circumstances, Lasswell outlines techniques for clarifying preferences, predicting the future, and inventing policy alternatives. He also suggests steps to stimulate creativity.

"George Dession." Buffalo Law Review 5 (1955): 8-9.

This brief article is one of several memorial tributes to George Dession.

"Legislative Policy, Conformity and Psychiatry." *Psychiatry and the Law.*Proc. of the Forty-Third Annual Meeting of the American Psychopathological Association held in New York City. June 1953. Ed. Paul H. Hoch and Joseph Zubin. New York: Grune & Stratton, 1955. 13-40.

Concerned about the role of psychiatrists in problems of compliance with legislative policies, Lasswell raises questions pertinent to legisla-

tive proposals and the revision of statutes. He states that, in relation to various legislative codes, it is appropriate to use psychiatric knowledge to clarify legislative goals and objectives, to disclose causes and consequences of conformity and nonconformity, and to estimate and appraise policy outcomes.

Reprinted:

"Legislative Policy, Conformity and Psychiatry." Law, Conformity, and Psychiatry: A Symposium. By George Hathaway Dession, Harold Dwight Lasswell, and Lawrence Zelic Freedman. New Haven, CT: Yale Study Unit in Psychiatry and Law. Yale University, [1955]. 13-40.

"Legislative Policy, Conformity and Psychiatry." Contributions to Synthetic Jurisprudence. Ed. M. J. Sethna for The Indian School of Synthetic Jurisprudence. Bombay: N. M. Tripathi Private Ltd., 1962. 181-209.

"Legislative Policy, Conformity and Psychiatry." By Reason of Insanity: Essays on Psychiatry and the Law. Ed. Lawrence Zelic Freedman. Wilmington, DE: Scholarly Resources, 1983. 47-69.

"Public Order under Law: The Role of The Advisor-Draftsman in the Formation of Code or Constitution." By George H. Dession and Harold D. Lasswell. Yale Law Journal 65 (1955): 174-195.

Dession and Lasswell outline the role, functions, and obligations of advisor-draftsmen as well as a systematic approach to the analysis of legal systems. They define public order, propose a classification system for legal prescriptions, and specify five categories of legal codes.

["Recent Developments in American Politics." Trans. Yonosuke Nagai. Amerikateki shii no tenkai (Analysis of American Way of Thinking). Ed. Takeyasu Kimura. Tokyo: Tokyo Daigaku Shuppan Kai, 1955. N. pag.

This volume collects five lectures in American studies, including Lass-well's, delivered at the University of Tokyo. All of the lectures have been translated into Japanese.

Comments

Foreword. By Lawrence Zelic Freedman and Harold Dwight Lasswell. Law, Conformity, and Psychiatry: A Symposium. By George Hathaway Dession, Harold Dwight Lasswell, and Lawrence Zelic Freedman. Yale Study Unit in Psychiatry and Law. New Haven, CT: Yale University, [1955]. [i].

Reviews

Essays on Sociology and Social Psychology, by Karl Mannheim, ed. Paul Kecskemeti. Louisiana Law Review 15 (1955): 487-489.

The Structure of Society, by Marion J. Levy, Jr. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 24 (1955): 458.

Translations

Ningen to seiji. 1948 (The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach). Trans. Masayasu Katô. Tokyo: Iwasaki shoten, 1955. NPE.

Reprints

"Legislative Policy, Conformity and Psychiatry." 1955. Law, Conformity, and Psychiatry: A Symposium. By George Hathaway Dession, Harold Dwight Lasswell, and Lawrence Zelic Freedman. New Haven, CT: Yale Study Unit in Psychiatry and Law, Yale University, [1955]. 13-40.

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica, 1955 ed. NPE.

1956

Pamphlets

The Decision Process: Seven Categories of Functional Analysis. College Park: Bureau of Governmental Research and College of Business and Public Administration, University of Maryland, 1956. 23 pp.

Originally a lecture delivered at the University of Maryland on 11 May 1956, this paper outlines and elaborates the decision process. It discusses analysis of cyclical and structural changes in function, uses the

Supreme Court as an example of such analysis, and suggests the need for continuing intelligence to appraise institutions in society.

Reprinted:

"The Decision Process: Seven Categories of Functional Analysis." *Politics and Social Life*. Ed. Nelson W. Polsby, Robert A. Dentler, and Paul A. Smith. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1963. 93-105.

Articles

"Impact of Psychoanalytic Thinking on the Social Sciences." *The State of the Social Sciences*. Ed. Leonard D. White. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1956. 84-115.

Lasswell analyzes trends in the history and development of psychoanalysis and its impact on the social sciences in the United States. He suggests "sociopsychoanalysis" as a path for future research and a means for synthesizing Marxian and Freudian conceptions.

Reprinted:

"Impact of Psychoanalytic Thinking on the Social Sciences." *Psychoanalysis and Social Science*. Ed. Hendrik M. Ruitenbeek. New York: E. P. Dutton, 1962. 3-45.

"The Political Science of Science: An Inquiry into the Possible Reconciliation of Mastery and Freedom." *American Political Science Review* 50 (1956): 961-979.

Lasswell's presidential address to the American Political Science Association on 6 September 1956 examines the possible reconciliation of scientific mastery with freedom. He undertakes this task by examining uses of science in three areas – armament, production, and evolution. He suggests that political and other social sciences need to improve procedures for deliberating on the effects of science and technology. He proposes specific procedures and concludes that scientific mastery can be reconciled with freedom.

Reprinted:

"Where Is Science Taking Us?" (Excerpts.) Saturday Review 3 Nov. 1956: 50-51.

"Political Science of Science." Scientific Monthly 84 (1957): 34-44.

"The Political Science of Science: An Inquiry into the Possible Reconciliation of Mastery and Freedom." *Politics and Social Life*. Ed. Nelson W. Polsby, Robert A. Dentler, and Paul A. Smith. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1963. 786-797.

"Cooperation through Comprehensive Analysis?" (Excerpts.) Experimentation with Human Beings: The Authority of the Investigator, Subject, Professions, and State in the Human Experimentation Process. Ed. Jay Katz with Alexander Morgan Capron and Eleanor Swift Glass. New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 1972, 247-252.

Comments

Introduction. Dynamics of International Relations. By Ernst B. Haas and Allen S. Whiting. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1956. xvii-xx.

Reviews

The Guilty Mind: Psychiatry and the Law of Homicide, by John Biggs, Jr. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 25 (1956): 426-429.

The Legal Community of Mankind, by Walter Schiffer. Journal of Legal Education 8 (1956): 528-530.

Nationalism and Social Communication: An Inquiry into the Foundations of Nationality, by Karl W. Deutsch. Kyklos 9 (1956): 252-253.

The Study of International Relations, by Quincy Wright. "Some Reflections on the Study of International Relations." World Politics 8 (1956): 560-565.

The University Teaching of Social Sciences: Law, by Charles Eisenmann for the International Committee of Comparative Law. Harvard Law Review 69 (1956): 1531-1535.

Reprints

"Power and Personality." 1948 (selection abridged from Power and Personality). Political Behavior: A Reader in Theory and Research. Ed. Heinz Eulau, Samuel J. Eldersveld, and Morris Janowitz. Glencoc, IL: Free Press, 1956, 90-103.

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1956 ed. NPE.

"Where Is Science Taking Us?" 1956 (excerpts from "The Political Science of Science: An Inquiry into the Possible Reconciliation of Mastery and Freedom"). Saturday Review 3 Nov. 1956: 50-51.

1957

Articles

"The Impact of Public Opinion Research On Our Society." Public Opinion Ouarterly 21 (1957): 33-38.

Lasswell maintains that recent innovation in public opinion research lies not in basic theory but in instruments, institutions, and the application of theory. He illustrates how such research contributes to the five intellectual tasks of problem solving – clarifying values, describing and analyzing trends, projecting and evaluating alternatives.

"Language of Politics." Language: An Enquiry into Its Meaning and Function. Ed. Ruth Nanda Anshen. Science of Cultures Series, Vol. 8. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1957. 270-284.

Lasswell maintains that language in politics is the language of decision in whatever form the disposition of power takes. Symbols play a prominent role in the style of the language of politics, particularly in public communications. He concludes that the relationships between language, power, and values require continued attention.

"Mental Health and American Values." Steps for Today Toward Better Mental Health; Pointers to Action for All Who Give Health Services. Report of the 1957 National Health Forum. Ed. Josephine Nelson and Elizabeth M. Dach. New York: National Health Council, 1957. 7-12.

After noting increased popular support for programs to prevent or cure mental disease, the connections between mental illness and values are analyzed. The ramifications of mental disorder for American civilization are considered.

"The Normative Impact of the Behavioral Sciences." Ethics 67.3, pt. 2 (Apr. 1957): 1-42.

The three sections of this article, each a lecture at the Jewish Theological Seminary in the fall of 1955, summarize the impact of the behavioral sciences in analyzing, choosing, and applying norms for behavior. After sketching a few ways in which value categories can be used to investigate normative practices, Lasswell discusses forms of deviation and forms of sanction. He then provides six means for improving the applications of norms.

Reprinted:

"The Choice of Sanctioning Norms." (Abridged.) Harold D. Lasswell on Political Sociology. Ed. Dwaine Marvick. The Heritage of Sociology. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1977. 348-365.

"People's Capitalism." The American Roundtable. Digest Report by David M. Potter. Proc. of a Conference held at Yale University sponsored by Yale University and the Advertising Council. 16-17 Nov. 1956. New York: The Advertising Council, 1957. 5-60 [passim].

Moderated by Edmund W. Sinnott, the eleven-member panel, including Lasswell, discusses people's capitalism, the conditions that have made capitalism possible, its potential development in other countries, unsolved problems of the American economy, and the relationship between people's capitalism and human values.

"Political Power and Democratic Values." Problems of Power in American Democracy. Ed. Arthur Kornhauser. Leo M. Franklin Memorial Lectures, Fifth Annual Series. Detroit: Wayne State University Press, 1957. 57-82, 86-87, 90-91.

Crisis situations require a rapid decision-making process and hence foster centralization of power. Lasswell considers the impact of continuing crisis on the democratic processes of the United States and discusses problems related to power in the preservation of democracy.

The text of his lecture is followed by the summarized comments of two discussants and by Lasswell's responses in turn.

"The Socio-Political Situation." Educational Research Bulletin 36 (1957): 69-77.

One of a series of papers on the functions of radio and television, Lasswell's contribution focuses on social and political trends. Viewing radio and television as purveyors of civic education, he looks particularly to the wide sharing of comprehensive maps of the past, present, and future.

Reviews

Community Organization: Action or Inaction, by Floyd Hunter, Ruth Connor Schaffer, and Cecil G. Sheps. Administrative Science Quarterly 2 (1957): 376-377.

The Urge to Punish: New Approaches to the Problem of Mental Responsibility for Crime, by Henry Weihofen. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 26 (1957): 560-561.

Translations

Politik und Moral. 1948 (The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach). Trans. Heinz Gürtler. Stuttgart-Düsseldorf: Ring, 1957. NPE.

Reprints

"Political Science of Science." 1956 ("The Political Science of Science: An Inquiry into the Possible Reconciliation of Mastery and Freedom"). Scientific Monthly 84 (1957): 34-44.

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1957 ed. NPE.

1958

Articles

"Clarifying Value Judgment: Principles of Content and Procedure." *Inquiry* 1 (1958): 87-98.

Lasswell describes two necessary and complementary modes – empirical and transempirical – of clarifying value judgments. He then raises issues of procedure. These include configurative thinking (goal, time, and knowledge oriented) and representative exposure (employing goal, trend, scientific, projective, and policy thinking).

Reprinted:

"Lasswell, Clarifying Value Judgment: Principles of Content and Procedure." (Selection abridged.) Jurisprudence: Understanding and Shaping Law: Cases, Readings, Commentary. By W. Michael Reisman and Aaron M. Schreiber. New Haven, CT: New Haven Press, 1987. 549-552.

"Communications as an Emerging Discipline." Audio-Visual Communication Review 6 (1958): 245-254.

Lasswell reviews the influence of various disciplines in the development of communication theory. He notes the leadership of political scientists in this interdisciplinary effort.

"A Cross-Cultural Test of Self-Image." By John L. Kennedy and Harold D. Lasswell. *Human Organization* 17.1 (1958): 41-43.

The authors report the results of a preliminary, cross-cultural test of self-image. Boys and girls in Peru and in the United States underestimated their heights and weights in comparison to occupants of socially significant roles.

"Men in Space." Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 72 (1958): 180-194.

Lasswell illustrates how social science concepts can be used to anticipate problems associated with space travel.

Reprinted:

"Space Agents." (Excerpts.) Saturday Review 4 Apr. 1959: 64-65.

"Men in Space." (Selection.) Apeman, Spaceman; Anthropological Science Fiction. Ed. Leon E. Stover and Harry Harrison. Garden City, NY: Doubleday, 1968. 292-297.

- "Men in Space." (Selection.) Apeman, Spaceman; Anthropological Science Fiction. Ed. Leon E. Stover and Harry Harrison. London: Rapp and Whiting, 1968. 292-297.
- "Men in Space." (Selection.) Apeman, Spaceman; Anthropological Science Fiction. Ed. Leon E. Stover and Harry Harrison. New York: Berkeley Medallion-Berkeley Publishing, 1970. 309-315.

"The Scientific Study of International Relations." The Year Book of World Affairs 12 (1958): 1-28.

Lasswell reviews contemporary contributions to international relations which he considers scientific, specifically those using systematic descriptive theory or disciplined data collection methods. He also comments on the interconnections between scientific thinking and other types of problem solving.

"Special Report on the Williamsburg Conference February 23-28, 1958."

Traffic Safety Research Review Conference Preprint (1958): 2-11.

Lasswell advocates research to study organizations working to reduce traffic accidents. His statement briefly outlines important factors to incorporate in such research. "Personal Comments by Members of Group 3" includes his remarks under "Continuing Survey: Local Communities" on pages 10 and 11.

Reprinted:

"Special Report on the Williamsburg Conference." Traffic Safety Research Review 2.2 (1958): 2-11.

"The Value Analysis of Legal Discourse." Western Reserve Law Review 9 (1958): 188-198.

Value indulgences and deprivations are "bound up with" communication – words, gestures, and symbols – subject to interpretation in context. Such interpretations, Lasswell indicates, can be predicted and manipulated.

Comments

Postscript (1958). Politics: Who Gets What, When, How. New York: Meridian-World, 1958. 181-211.

Reviews

American Democracy Under Pressure, by Donald C. Blaisdell. University of Pennsylvania Law Review 107 (1958): 295-296.

Approaches to the Study of Politics, ed. Roland Young. American Sociological Review 23 (1958): 751-752.

Authority, ed. Carl J. Friedrich. Yale Law Journal 68 (1958): 393-395.

The Mind of the Murderer, by W. Lindesay Neustatter. Psychoanalytic Quarterly 27 (1958): 597.

Political Theory, by G. C. Field. Kyklos 11 (1958): 438-439.

Psychological Disorder and Crime, by W. Lindesay Neustatter. Psychoanalytic Ouarterly 27 (1958): 597.

The Torment of Secrecy: The Background and Consequences of American Security Policies, by Edward A. Shils. American Journal of Sociology 63 (1958): 431-432.

Translations

"Harold D. Lasswell; Policy Orientation." Orig. date? (Orig. title?). Trans. Huang Shih-shu. Contemporary Philosophy and Social Sciences 2 (1958).

Reprints

- "Organization of Psychological Warfare Agencies in World War I." 1927 (from chapter 2, *Propaganda Technique in the World War*). A Psychological Warfare Casebook. Comp. William E. Daugherty with Morris Janowitz. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins Press, 1958. 120-126.
- "Political and Psychological Warfare." 1951. A Psychological Warfare Casebook. Comp. William E. Daugherty with Morris Janowitz. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins Press, 1958. 21-24.

Politics: Who Gets What, When, How with Postscript (1958). 1936 (Politics: Who Gets What, When, How). New York: Meridian-World, 1958.

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1958 ed. NPE.

"Special Report on the Williamsburg Conference." 1958 ("Special Report on the Williamsburg Conference February 23-28, 1958"). Traffic Safety Research Review 2.2 (1958): 2-11.

1959

Articles

"The Atmosphere of Censorship." The Climate of Book Selection: Social Influences on School and Public Libraries. Ed. J. Periam Danton. Proc. of a Symposium held at the University of California. 10-12 July 1958. Berkeley: University of California School of Librarianship, 1959. 41-49.

Lasswell analyzes the assault on civil liberties in the United States during the early 1950s. He urges study of the subcultures supporting civil liberties as well as ongoing surveillance and prompt response to threats against civil liberties.

"Collaborative Research in Psychiatry and Law." By Harold D. Lasswell and Lawrence Zelic Freedman. Summaries of the Scientific Papers of the One Hundred and Fifteenth Annual Meeting. Washington, DC: American Psychiatric Association, 1959. 86.

The authors summarize their conference presentation on collaboration between psychiatrists and legal scholars. They outline shared concerns as well as differences in viewpoint.

"The Continuing Debate over Responsibility: An Introduction to Isolating the Condemnation Sanction." By Harold D. Lasswell and Richard C. Donnelly. Yale Law Journal 68 (1959): 869-899.

The authors seek to develop "a theory of responsibility" using organizing questions about value goals, future events, trends, and scientific findings. They advance propositions about the condemnation sanction and suggest objectives for imposing sanctions.

"The Identification and Appraisal of Diverse Systems of Public Order." By Myres S. McDougal and Harold D. Lasswell. American Journal of International Law 53 (1959): 1-29.

McDougal and Lasswell suggest that confusion about a system of public order, embedded in world social and legal processes, can only impede building new institutions. They define a system of public order, declare a goal of respecting human dignity, and discuss law, power processes, and basic value processes.

Reprinted:

"The Identification and Appraisal of Diverse Systems of Public Order." By Myres S. McDougal and Harold D. Lasswell. Studies in World Public Order. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (Harold D. Lasswell, William T. Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher Lans, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon Lipson, and Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1960. 3-41.

"The Identification and Appraisal of Diverse Systems of Public Order." By Myres S. McDougal and Harold D. Lasswell. *International Law Essays: A Supplement to International Law in Contemporary Perspective*. Ed. Myres S. McDougal and W. Michael Reisman. Mineola, NY: Foundation Press, 1981. 15-42.

"McDougal & Lasswell, The Identification and Appraisal of Diverse Systems of Public Order." (Excerpts.) By Myres S. McDougal and Harold D. Lasswell. International Law in Contemporary Perspective: The Public Order of the World Community: Cases and Materials. By Myres S. McDougal and W. Michael Reisman. University Casebook Series. Mineola, NY: Foundation Press, 1981. 91-92, 95-96, 148-153.

"The Identification and Appraisal of Diverse Systems of Public Order."
By Myres S. McDougal and Harold D. Lasswell. Studies in World
Public Order. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (William T.
Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher B. Lans,
Harold D. Lasswell, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon S. Lipson, and
Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: New Haven Press; Dordrecht,
The Netherlands: Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 1987. 3-41.

"Integrating Surveys with Comprehensive Research and Policy." "Proceedings of the Fourteenth Annual Conference on Public Opinion Research." Ed. Herbert E. Krugman. Public Opinion Quarterly 23 (1959): 415-416.

This abstract outlines Lasswell's paper advocating a worldwide survey of perspectives on public order. The paper was presented at the session called "Problems and Contributions of Research in Underdeveloped Areas" at the annual conference of the American Association for Public Opinion Research.

"The Intelligence Function: Built-in Errors." PROD 3 (1959): 3-7.

Lasswell examines factors which affect intelligence functions and which are sources of error in those functions. Such factors include the nature of the civilization being considered, its social class structure, the interests within classes, the personalities within interests, and the intensity of an existing crisis. Lasswell then advances three propositions and suggests further searches for built-in error in intelligence procedures.

"The Lawyer of the Future." Bar Bulletin: New York County Lawyers Association 16 (1959): 144-148.

This article advocates incorporating knowledge of psychiatry and psychology into law schools. Illustrations include courses simulating contacts with clients, methods of refining skills, and experimental programs uniting law and medicine.

"The Qualitative and the Quantitative in Political and Legal Analysis."

Daedalus: Journal of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences 88 (1959):
633-645.

As one of five articles on quality versus quantity, this essay focuses on politics and law. Lasswell traces his interest in content analysis as a means of measuring "the focus of attention." He advocates systematic contextual study as the orientation required for such work to become more sophisticated.

Reprinted:

"The Qualitative and the Quantitative in Political and Legal Analysis."

Quantity and Quality. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Hayden Colloquium on

Scientific Method and Concept. New York: Free Press of Glencoe, 1961. 103-116.

"The Social Consequences of Automation." Proceedings of the Western Joint Computer Conference: Contrasts in Computers. New York: American Institute of Electrical Engineers, 1959. 7-10.

Lasswell focuses on the potential of automation for affecting enlightenment, political outcomes, affection, well-being, skill, and respect. Besides noting examples of such social consequences, he advocates wide sharing of a scientific viewpoint.

"The Social Setting of Creativity." Creativity and Its Cultivation: Addresses Presented at the Interdisciplinary Symposia on Creativity, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan. Ed. Harold H. Anderson. Interdisciplinary Symposia on Creativity. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1959. 203-221.

This article examines social factors which facilitate or inhibit the creative process, defined by Lasswell as an ability to innovate or to identify useful innovation.

"The State of the Nation's Mental Health." National Parent-Teacher: The P.T.A. Magazine 54.1 (1959): 28-30.

This article briefly considers mental health in the United States and the interaction between mental health and social values. Families and schools have important roles in the improvement of mental health.

"La stratégie de la recherche." Esprit No. 269 (Jan. 1959): 46-58.

Asserting the importance of descriptive knowledge, Lasswell analyzes the incremental growth of knowledge and outlines criteria of choice for both scientific and policy-oriented inquiry. For studying the future, he suggests the social planetarium as a means of providing contextuality, vivid perceptions, transition, and proportional treatment of alternatives. (This *Esprit* article is in French; its revised and expanded version, entered below as a reprint, is in English and is the source for this annotation.)

Reprinted:

"Strategies of Inquiry: The Rational Use of Observation." (Revised and expanded.) The Human Meaning of the Social Sciences. Ed. Daniel Lerner. New York: Meridian-World, 1959. 89-113.

"Universality in Perspective." Proceedings of the American Society of International Law 53 (1959): 1-9.

Lasswell outlines and discusses twenty-one propositions about the degree of existence of a universal public order compatible with the dignity of man, probable futures in this regard, and strategies by which such futures can be affected.

Comments

Introduction. Road of Propaganda: The Semantics of Biased Communication. By Karin Dovring. New York: Philosophical Library, 1959. 1-2.

Reviews

The American Communist Party: A Critical History (1919-1957), by Irving Howe and Lewis Coser with Julius Jacobson. American Sociological Review 24 (1959): 720.

The House Without Windows: France Selects a President, by Constantin Melnick and Nathan Leites. Partnership for Progress: International Technical Co-operation. Ed. Richard W. Gable. Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science 323 (1959): 182-183.

Political Theory: The Foundation of Twentieth-Century Political Thought, by Arnold Brecht. "To Verify Universal Values." Saturday Review, 20 June 1959: 14.

Power and Property in Inca Peru, by Sally Falk Moore. Journal of Public Law 8 (1959): 560-562.

Translations

Gweon' ryeog' gwain' gan. 1948 (Power and Personality). Trans. Lee Seon-ju. Seoul: Dong' gug' mun' hwa' sa, 1959. NPE.

Seiji: Dotai Bunseki. 1936 (Politics: Who Gets What, When, How). Trans. Kinuko Kubota. Tokyo: Iwanami-shoten, 1959, NPE.

Reprints

"Propaganda." 1951. Encyclopaedia Britannica. 1959 ed. NPE.

"Space Agents." 1958 (excerpts from "Men in Space"). Saturday Review 4
Apr. 1959: 64-65.

"Strategies of Inquiry: The Rational Use of Observation." 1959 (revised and expanded from "La stratégie de la recherche"). The Human Meaning of the Social Sciences. Ed. Daniel Lerner. New York: Meridian-World, 1959. 89-113.

1960

Books

Studies in World Public Order. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (Harold D. Lasswell, William T. Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher Lans, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon Lipson, and Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1960. 1058 pp.

The articles reprinted in this collection, including two by McDougal and Lasswell, all deal with world public order, considered in terms of a contextual, policy-oriented jurisprudence with human dignity as the primary goal.

Reprinted:

Studies in World Public Order. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (William T. Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher B. Lans, Harold D. Lasswell, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon S. Lipson, and Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: New Haven Press; Dordrecht, The Netherlands: Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 1987.