

1940

Articles

"American Voices." By Albert N. Williams and Harold D. Lasswell. *Scribner's Commentator* 9 (1940): 108-111.

This popular piece on nationalism and the founding of the United States ends with an anxious warning that an America free and independent in world politics may be sacrificed for a foreign cause. The article's source is the radio program *Human Nature in Action*.

"A Radio Discussion of Polls and the Election." By George Gallup, Harold Lasswell, and Elmo Roper. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 138 (3 Nov. 1940): 1-28.

The three speakers discuss the upcoming presidential election. They analyze previous elections and outline variables that can affect elections and the role of polling in the democratic process.

"Science and Democracy: The Search for Perfection." *Vital Speeches* 7 (1940): 85-87.

A "science of democracy," concerned with how democracy and science can aid each other, is proposed. Its focus would be human relations and the potentialities of human life, particularly the processes that promote and sustain a democratic society.

Reprinted:

"Toward a Science of Democracy." *Science, Philosophy, and Religion*. Ed. Lyman Bryson and Louis Finkelstein. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life, 1941. 238-247.

Reviews

Words That Won the War, by James R. Mock and Cedric Larson. *Journalism Quarterly* 17 (1940): 71-73.

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Other Media

Human Nature in Action. By Harold D. Lasswell and Albert N. Williams. NBC. WEAf, New York. Transcripts of weekly broadcasts 12 Jan.-17 Dec. 1940.

1941*Books*

Democracy through Public Opinion. Chi Omega Service Fund Studies. Menasha, WI: George Banta Publishing, 1941. 176 pp.

Lasswell opens by stating that democracy depends on the support of public opinion. His succeeding twelve chapters discuss democratic government, propaganda, self-knowledge, intelligence specialists, public relations, free speech, the popular will, and public opinion related to social balance, stability, and world trends.

Reprinted:

"Democracy through Public Opinion." (Excerpts.) *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication.* Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 469-482.

"Democracy through Public Opinion." (Excerpts.) *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication.* Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 469-482.

"America's Debt to Propaganda." (Excerpt.) *Voice of the People: Readings in Public Opinion and Propaganda.* Ed. Reo M. Christenson and Robert O. McWilliams. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1962. 323-324.

"America's Debt to Propaganda." (Excerpt.) *Voice of the People: Readings in Public Opinion and Propaganda.* Ed. Reo M. Christenson and Robert O. McWilliams. 2nd ed. McGraw-Hill Series in Political Science. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1967. 321-322.

Available through University Microfilms International.

Pamphlets

Public Opinion and British-American Unity. Proc. of a Conference on North Atlantic Relations held in Prout's Neck, ME. 4-9 Sept. 1941. Document No. 4. Princeton, NJ: American Committee for International Studies, 9 pp.

Lasswell outlines methods for monitoring relations among the United States, Canada, and Britain so that important factors can be identified and appeals to unity appropriately structured.

Articles

"The Achievement Standards of a Democratic Press." *Freedom of the Press Today: A Clinical Examination by 28 Specialists.* Comp. Harold L. Ickes. New York: Vanguard Press, 1941. 169-178.

Standards to create a free and intelligent press are summarized. Lasswell suggests that the performance level of the press can be studied using content analysis techniques.

"The Garrison State." *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 455-468.

Lasswell presents his garrison-state hypothesis as a developmental construct designed to provoke serious thought about future alternatives. His hypothesis predicts the emergence of modern soldiers as new specialists, those of violence. By suggesting potential effects on other processes (management, symbol systems, and elite recruitment) and values (safety, deference, power, and income), the garrison-state hypothesis raises issues of preference, particularly for those who seek to preserve democratic values.

Reprinted:

"The Garrison State and Specialists on Violence." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach.* New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 146-157.

"The Garrison State." *Contemporary Social Reform Movements: Principles and Readings.* Ed. John Eric Nordskog. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 1954. 259-268.

- "The Garrison State." *Government and Politics: A Reader*. Ed. Arnold A. Rogow. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell, 1961. 605-613.
- "The Garrison State." (Abridged.) *Power and Civilization: Political Thought in the Twentieth Century*. Ed. David Cooperman and E. V. Walter. New York: Thomas Y. Crowell, 1962. 356-362.
- "The Garrison State." *War: Studies from Psychology, Sociology, Anthropology*. Ed. Leon Bramson and George W. Goethals. New York: Basic Books, 1964. 309-319.
- "The Garrison State and Specialists on Violence." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 146-157.
- "The Garrison State." *War: Studies from Psychology, Sociology, Anthropology*. Ed. Leon Bramson and George W. Goethals. Rev. ed. New York: Basic Books, 1968. 317-327.
- "The Garrison State." *American Politics and Public Policy*. Ed. Michael P. Smith. New York: Random House, 1973. 336-343.
- "The Garrison State." (Abridged.) *Harold D. Lasswell on Political Sociology*. Ed. Dwaine Marvick. The Heritage of Sociology. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1977. 165-176.
- The Garrison State*. Bobbs-Merrill Reprint Series in the Social Sciences, S-161. [Indianapolis]: Bobbs-Merrill College Division, n.d.
- "Psychology Looks at Morals and Politics." *Ethics* 51 (1941): 325-336.

Lasswell argues that the psychologist gives reality to morality, examining what causes destructive behavior and how such behavior might be controlled.

Reprinted:

- "Psychology Looks at Morals and Politics." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 13-20.

- "Psychology Looks at Morals and Politics." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 13-20.
- "Radio as an Instrument of Reducing Personal Insecurity." *Studies in Philosophy and Social Science* 9 (1941): 49-64.

Based on the premise that radio broadcasts reflect society's interests, Lasswell argues that "psychological" programs are necessary in an individualistic society. Especially in times of general insecurity, greater stress should be placed on such programs to reduce insecurity. He illustrates three types of focus with excerpts from *Human Nature in Action*, a series he developed for NBC during 1939 and 1940. He also suggests objectives for research on and policy for psychological broadcasts.

Reprinted:

- "Radio as an Instrument of Reducing Personal Insecurity." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 246-260.
- "Radio as an Instrument of Reducing Personal Insecurity." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 246-260.
- "A Radio Discussion of Morale: First Line of Defense?" By Edward Bernays, Harold D. Lasswell, and Norman Thomas. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 149 (19 Jan. 1941): 1-29.

The discussants define *morale* and its relationship to democracy. They also discuss problems of clarifying policy in a democracy, especially during wartime.

- "The World Attention Survey." *Public Opinion Quarterly* 5 (1941): 456-462.

In this article, Lasswell proposes means for detailing the "attention" – time, space, or references – given to subjects by propagandists. He uses the treatment by the foreign press of various countries for illustration, suggesting several techniques and categories for such inquiries.

Reprinted:

"The World Attention Survey." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 296-303.

"The World Attention Survey." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 296-303.

Reviews

Fighting for Peace, by Earl Browder. *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 761.

From Bryan to Stalin, by William Z. Foster. *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 761-762.

I Confess: The Truth about American Communism, by Benjamin Gitlow. *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 762.

News and the Human Interest Story, by Helen MacGill Hughes. *American Journal of Sociology* 47 (1941): 122-123.

The People's Front, by Earl Browder. *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 761-762.

The Philosophy of Communism, by Charles J. McFadden. *American Journal of Sociology* 46 (1941): 761.

Public Opinion and the Individual, by Gardner Murphy and Rensis Likert. *Psychoanalytic Quarterly* 10 (1941): 344-346.

Reprints

"Toward a Science of Democracy." 1940 ("Science and Democracy: The Search for Perfection"). *Science, Philosophy, and Religion*. Ed. Lyman Bryson and Louis Finkelstein. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life, 1941. 238-247.

1942

Pamphlets

Analyzing the Content of Mass Communication: A Brief Introduction. Library of Congress, Experimental Division for the Study of War Time Communications, Document No. 11. Washington, DC: Library of Congress, 1942. 39 pp.

This pamphlet, a confidential wartime mimeograph, outlines the central issues in selecting techniques for studying communications.

Articles

"The Commonwealth of Science." *Science and Man: Twenty-four Original Essays*. Ed. Ruth Nanda Anshen. New York: Harcourt, Brace, 1942. 398-405.

Lasswell maintains that the disciplined methods of scientific observation and analysis should be applied to the understanding of human behavior and values, particularly destructive processes. Scientists should be aware of and accept moral responsibility for the human consequences of science.

Reprinted:

"The Commonwealth of Science." *Science and Man*. Ed. Ruth Nanda Anshen. New York: Greenwood Press, 1968. 398-405.

"The Communications Front: Strategies of Political and Moral Warfare." *Vital Speeches of the Day* 8 (1942): 761-765.

Lasswell discusses communications policy as an aspect of the political and moral components of warfare. Because belief in a cause sustains the will to fight, the communications front should transmit the common moral goal of freedom as a policy aim for both war and peace.

"Communications Research and Politics." *Print, Radio, and Film in a Democracy*. Ed. Douglas Waples. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1942. 101-117.

Lasswell discusses the analysis of politics through ideological symbols. He briefly outlines methods for tracing the repetition of key political symbols in speeches by leaders, for examining authoritative publications for ideological propositions, and for analyzing communications received by different sociological groups. Such research can be used to detect, predict, and measure the effects of propaganda as well as to help protect democratic society through sound public opinion.

["Democracy."] *A Treasury of Democracy*. Ed. Norman Cousins. New York: Coward-McCann, 1942. 225-226.

In this collection of brief historical and contemporary writings relevant to democracy, Lasswell defines democracy as based on mutual respect and justice.

"The Developing Science of Democracy." *The Future of Government in the United States: Essays in Honor of Charles E. Merriam*. Ed. Leonard D. White. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1942. 25-48.

The science of democracy, a subfield of political science, concerns itself with the factors upon which democracy depends. Lasswell concentrates on data collection and the intelligence function as tools for the study of democracy and the achievement of democratic ideals.

Reprinted:

"The Developing Science of Democracy." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 1-12.

"The Developing Science of Democracy." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 1-12.

"An Experimental Comparison of Four Ways of Coding Editorial Content." By A. Geller, D. Kaplan, and Harold D. Lasswell. *Journalism Quarterly* 19 (1942): 362-370.

The authors compare four ways of coding the contents of newspaper editorials: 1) symbols, 2) paragraphs, 3) three-sentence units, and 4) articles. They also outline procedures for analysis.

Reprinted:

"Recording and Context Units – Four Ways of Coding Editorial Content." By Alan Grey, David Kaplan, and Harold D. Lasswell. [Authors listed differently than in original.] *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 113-126.

"Recording and Context Units – Four Ways of Coding Editorial Content." By Alan Grey, David Kaplan, and Harold D. Lasswell. [Authors listed differently than in original.] *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 113-126.

"The Politically Significant Content of the Press: Coding Procedures." By Harold D. Lasswell, Paul Lewis, Joseph W. Martin, and Joseph Goldsen. *Journalism Quarterly* 19 (1942): 12-23.

The authors outline the problems and steps involved in applying a classification system to statistical analysis of politically significant content.

"Propaganda Good and Bad." A radio discussion by Archibald MacLeish, Harold Lasswell, and Richard McKeon. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 207 (1 Mar. 1942): 1-28.

The three panelists first discuss the meaning of the term *propaganda* and the role of propaganda in a democratic government. They describe this role as the provision of facts as information or the communication of values and ideals or both. They also discuss the need for guiding principles about how good and bad news is to be disseminated to the public.

"A Radio Discussion of Censorship." By Bryon Price, William Benton, and H. D. Lasswell. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 201 (18 Jan. 1942): 1-29.

The speakers focus on issues of censorship in a free nation. They touch on the problems of managing sensitive information during a war and the public's right to know. They also consider the emergent role of radio versus the traditional roles and restraints of the more established newspaper business. The salient concern throughout the discussion is where limits are to be set and whether voluntary restraint will inhibit reporting.

"A Radio Discussion of the New Congress." By Maynard C. Krueger, H. D. Lasswell, and Arthur W. Macmahon. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 242 (8 Nov. 1942): 1-29.

In response to a series of questions posed by *Round Table* listeners, the panelists discuss the implications of the election, noting that voter turnout was low and that the Democratic midterm losses were about average. They analyze what the vote meant, its effects on the war effort and the political process, and ways in which Congress might streamline its procedures.

"Radio in Wartime." A radio discussion by William Benton, James Fly, and Harold Lasswell. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 218 (17 May 1942): 1-29.

Analyzing the growing importance of radio in communications, the three speakers examine the impact of "radio voices" such as those of Roosevelt and Charlie McCarthy. Next they consider the role of radio in free speech and the use – actual and potential – of radio by government.

"The Relation of Ideological Intelligence to Public Policy." *Ethics* 53 (1942): 25-34.

Lasswell first establishes the importance of understanding how policy and intelligence interrelate, especially in a changing world. Then he discusses how intelligence, technical and ideological, can clarify goals and alternatives and supply necessary knowledge.

Reprinted:

"Policy and the Intelligence Function: Ideological Intelligence." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 120-131.

"Policy and the Intelligence Function." *Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy*. Ed. Daniel Lerner. Library of Policy Sciences. New York: George W. Stewart, 1951. 55-68.

"Policy and the Intelligence Function: Ideological Intelligence." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 120-131.

"The Relation of Ideological Intelligence to Public Policy." *Social Scientists and International Affairs: A Case for a Sociology of Social Science*. Ed. Elisabeth T. Crawford and Albert D. Biderman. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1969. 259-265.

"Policy and the Intelligence Function." *Propaganda in War and Crisis: Materials for American Policy*. Ed. Daniel Lerner. International Propaganda and Communications. New York: Arno Press, 1972. 55-68.

"Policy and the Intelligence Function." (Selection abridged.) *Harold D. Lasswell on Political Sociology*. Ed. Dwaine Marvick. The Heritage of Sociology. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1977. 339-347.

Reviews

War Propaganda and the United States, by Harold Lavine and James Wechsler. *American Journal of Sociology* 48 (1942): 430.

1943

Pamphlets

The Differential Use of Flexible and Rigid Procedures of Content Analysis. By A. Geller, D. Kaplan, and Harold D. Lasswell. Library of Congress, Experimental Division for the Study of War Time Communications, Document No. 12. Washington, DC: Library of Congress, 1943. 16 pp.

This pamphlet, a confidential wartime mimeograph, reviews procedures for content analysis.

Reprinted:

Available through University Microfilms International.

Public Opinion in War and Peace: How Americans Make Up Their Minds. By Harold D. Lasswell and Howard H. Cummings. Problems in American Life, No. 14. Washington, DC: National Council for the Social Studies and National Association of Secondary-School Principals, Departments of the National Education Association, 1943. 68 pp.

This short work consists of an essay by Lasswell (pp. 7-50) on public opinion followed by teaching suggestions by Cummings for developing units and classroom activities. Lasswell's essay, which is intended to provide basic information for teachers, includes a description of public opinion and an explanation of public opinion research, the management of attitudes through propaganda, and the role of public opinion in policy formation.

Articles

"Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *Yale Law Journal* 52 (1943): 203-295.

In this call for professionally trained policy makers, Lasswell and McDougal list professional activities of lawyers which affect policy and outline skills (of thought, observation, and management) required by lawyers. These skills are discussed at length in the context of a democratic society, current education, and proposals for curricular reform. The authors conclude with a section entitled Beyond the Classroom and an appendix – a social trend outline.

Reprinted:

"Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 21-119.

"Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *Studies In World Public Order*. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (Harold D.

Lasswell, William T. Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher Lans, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon Lipson, and Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1960. 42-154.

"Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 21-119.

"Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *Studies in World Public Order*. By Myres S. McDougal and Associates (William T. Burke, Florentino P. Feliciano, Richard N. Gardner, Asher B. Lans, Harold D. Lasswell, Gertrude C. K. Leighton, Leon S. Lipson, and Norbert A. Schlei). New Haven, CT: New Haven Press; Dordrecht, The Netherlands: Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, 1987. 42-154.

"McDougal & Lasswell, Legal Education and Public Policy." (Excerpts.) By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *Jurisprudence: Understanding and Shaping Law: Cases, Readings, Commentary*. By W. Michael Reisman and Aaron M. Schreiber. New Haven, CT: New Haven Press, 1987. 531-532, 587-589.

"A Non-Bureaucratic Alternative to Minority Stockholders' Suits: A Proposal." *Columbia Law Review* 43 (1943): 1036-1040.

Lasswell suggests that, to mitigate bureaucratic controls and minority stockholder suits, corporations should form a nonprofit, reporting service for stockholders.

"War and the Middle Class." A radio discussion by Peter Drucker, Walter Johnson, and Harold Lasswell. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 278 (18 July 1943): 1-29.

The panelists clarify the meaning of *middle class* – a state of mind or attitude as opposed to an economic condition – and debate the role of the middle class in a democratic society, particularly one with a changing economy. (Lasswell tends to mediate the strong positions taken by Drucker and Johnson.) They conclude that the war provides opportunities to strengthen the middle class, a necessary condition for freedom and democracy.

Reviews

Language, Culture, and Personality: Essays in Memory of Edward Sapir, ed. Leslie Spier, A. Irving Hallowell, and Stanley S. Newman. *American Journal of Sociology* 48 (1943): 618.

Race, Science, and Politics, by Ruth Benedict. *Psychoanalytic Quarterly* 12 (1943): 278-279.

The Rights of Man and Natural Law, by Jacques Maritain. "Maritain on the Christian State." *Survey Graphic* 32, pt. 2 (1943): 510-511.

Studies in Political Science and Sociology, by the University of Pennsylvania Bicentennial Conference. *American Sociological Review* 8 (1943): 236-237.

You and Your Public: A Guide Book to the New Career - Public Relations, by Verne Burnett. *Management Review* 32 (1943): 468-469.

1944

Articles

"Foreign Policy and Party Politics." A radio discussion by Joseph Ball, Harold Lasswell, and Hans Morgenthau. *The University of Chicago Round Table* 318 (23 Apr. 1944): 1-29.

Agreeing that upcoming party platforms will be vague on foreign policy alternatives, the speakers discuss future prospects. They raise four possibilities for world governance: nationalism, great power alliances, an international organization without power like the League of Nations, or an international organization with power.

"Psychological Structure of the Postwar World." *Approaches to World Peace: Fourth Symposium of the Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion*. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, and Robert M. MacIver. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper & Brothers, 1944. 254-274.

Lasswell anticipates postwar problems involving psychological and moral attitudes.

Reprinted:

"Psychological Structure of the Postwar World." *Approaches to World Peace: Fourth Symposium of the Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion*. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, and Robert M. MacIver. New York: Kraus Reprint, 1971. 254-274.

Reviews

Technology and Livelihood: An Inquiry into the Changing Technological Basis for Production as Affecting Employment and Living Standards, by Mary L. Fledderus and Mary van Kleeck. *Survey Graphic* 33 (1944): 424-425.

1945

Books

World Politics Faces Economics With Special Reference to the Future Relations of the United States and Russia. Committee for Economic Development Research Study. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1945. 108 pp.

Written at the end of World War II, this brief volume assesses the postwar positions of Russia and the United States, anticipating a bipolar world concerned about political and economic security. Lasswell makes specific suggestions for avoiding global conflict while building economic strength and stability.

Articles

"New Rivals of the Press: Film and Radio." *Books and Libraries in Wartime*. Ed. Pierce Butler. Charles R. Walgreen Foundation Lectures. Walgreen War Cycle Series, No. 15. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1945. 28-52.

Lasswell discusses the use of radio and film for political and wartime communication. Key features of Nazi propaganda techniques are identified and illustrated from radio broadcasts. The chapter concludes with a brief discussion of the potential of broadcasting as a tool for despotism or for freedom.

"The Psychological Presuppositions of World Order." *World Order: Its Intellectual and Cultural Foundations; A Series of Addresses*. Ed. F. Ernest Johnson. Religion and Civilization Series. New York: Institute for Religious Studies; New York: Harper & Brothers, 1945. 52-65.

In this address, Lasswell projects how a world order that respects human dignity might work. He investigates the application of psychological principles to the world society, rather than the individual, considering how we might move toward the goal of a free world.

Reprinted:

"The Psychological Presuppositions of World Order." *World Order: Its Intellectual and Cultural Foundations; A Series of Addresses*. Ed. F. Ernest Johnson. Religion and Civilization Series [Institute for Religious Studies, Jewish Theological Seminary of America]. Essay and General Literature Index Reprint Series. Port Washington, NY: Kennikat Press, 1969. 52-65.

"Public Opinion and World Order." By Jerome Bruner, Gerhart Saenger, Harold D. Lasswell, Ernst Kris, and H. H. Remmers. *Human Nature and Enduring Peace*. Ed. Gardner Murphy. Third Yearbook of the Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1945. 369-408.

Asked what methods of analyzing international public opinion can increase world stability, Lasswell reviews necessary data about the process of communication, the importance of an intelligence function, and expectations of the media in a free society.

"The Science of Communication and the Function of Libraries." *College and Research Libraries* 6 (1945): 387-394.

The connection between librarianship and the science of communication is explored, focusing on librarianship's potential contribution to social intelligence. Lasswell suggests that librarians assume a leadership role in the systematic collection and preservation of data on society. The anticipation of useful sources is the peculiar challenge of librarianship.

Reviews

A Guide to Public Opinion Polls, by George Gallup. *Library Quarterly* 15 (1945): 360-361.

Personality and the Behavior Disorders, ed. J. McV. Hunt. *American Sociological Review* 10 (1945): 813-814.

1946

Books

Propaganda, Communication, and Public Opinion: A Comprehensive Reference Guide. Ed. Bruce Lannes Smith, Harold D. Lasswell, and Ralph D. Casey. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1946. 435 pp.

Four essays on the science of communication precede an annotated bibliography of over 2,500 books and articles on propaganda, communication, and public opinion. Arrangement is by topic, with major titles starred. Most references appeared between 1934 and 1943 so that this expands *Propaganda and Promotional Activities: An Annotated Bibliography* (1935).

Pamphlets

Democracy: Teacher's Handbook for Use with the Instructional Film. By Frank S. Cillié and William S. Vincent with Harold D. Lasswell. Chicago: Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, [1946]. 24 pp.

This pamphlet, designed to accompany the film *Democracy*, includes activities and teaching suggestions to prepare for and to follow a showing of the film. The pamphlet presents selected frames from the film with explanations and outlines the film, frame by frame.

Articles

"Describing the Contents of Communications." *Propaganda, Communication, and Public Opinion: A Comprehensive Reference Guide*. Ed. Bruce Lannes Smith, Harold D. Lasswell, and Ralph D. Casey. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1946. 74-94.

This essay outlines content analysis methodology. It revises Document No. 9 issued by the Library of Congress, Experimental Division for the Study of War Time Communication, in 1941.

"Describing the Effects of Communications." *Propaganda, Communication, and Public Opinion: A Comprehensive Reference Guide*. Ed. Bruce Lannes Smith, Harold D. Lasswell, and Ralph D. Casey. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1946. 95-117.

This review of effect-analysis methodology applied to communications includes a discussion of relations among predisposition, contents, and effects.

"The Interrelations of World Organization and Society." *Yale Law Journal* 55 (1946): 889-909.

After reviewing trends toward a bipolar world political structure as well as trends contributing to the development of a homogenous world social structure, Lasswell speculates on the future.

Reprinted:

"World Organization and Society." *The Policy Sciences: Recent Developments in Scope and Method*. Ed. Daniel Lerner and Harold D. Lasswell with Harold H. Fisher, Ernest R. Hilgard, Saul K. Padover, Ithiel de Sola Pool, and C. Easton Rothwell. Hoover Institute Studies. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press, 1951. 102-117.

"Orthopsychiatry and World Harmony." *American Journal of Orthopsychiatry* 16 (1946): 381-390.

Lasswell outlines a strategy for movement toward the goal of a world society in which the dignity of man can be realized in theory and in practice. Psychiatrists are urged to link their observations with policy as a way of reducing human destructiveness and as a contribution toward world unity.

Reprinted:

"Orthopsychiatry and World Harmony." *Integration*. Ed. J. K. Zawodny with Aina Z. B. Kruger. Vol. 2 of *Man and International Relations*:

Contributions of the Social Sciences to the Study of Conflict and Integration. San Francisco: Chandler, 1966. 608-616.

"Psychoanalysis and Politics." *American Journal of Psychoanalysis* 6 (1946): 64-65.

Lasswell argues the importance of understanding how people acquire the insight and integrity necessary to use power to achieve other values. Psychoanalysis – a tool enabling study of who wants power for its own sake – could provide insight about how to make a person fit for power and could assist in the selection of decision makers. (This paper is an abridgement of an address at the Fifth Anniversary Reception of the Auxiliary Council to the Association for the Advancement of Psychoanalysis on 12 May 1946.)

Comments

"Statement by the Commission." As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Peoples Speaking to Peoples: A Report on International Mass Communication from The Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By Llewellyn White and Robert D. Leigh. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1946. v-vii.

Reviews

Conscience and Society, by Ranyard West. *Psychoanalytic Quarterly* 15 (1946): 250-251.

The Russia I Believe In: The Memoirs of Samuel N. Harper, 1902-1941, ed. Paul V. Harper with Ronald Thompson. *American Journal of Sociology* 51 (1946): 580.

Unwritten Treaty, by James P. Warburg. *Journalism Quarterly* 23 (1946): 241-242.

Other Media

Democracy. Political Science and Economics Series. Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, 1946. NPE.

Despotism. Political Science and Economics Series. Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, 1946. NPE.

Public Opinion. Encyclopaedia Britannica Films, 1946. NPE.

1947

Books

A Free and Responsible Press: A General Report on Mass Communication: Newspapers, Radio, Motion Pictures, Magazines, and Books. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. 139 pp.

This book reviews the status of the press in the United States, including the problem of maintaining a free press, the responsibilities of the press, technological changes and trends in communications, the performance of the press under pressure, and possibilities for self-regulation. The commission concludes this report with thirteen recommendations for government, press, and public action.

Reprinted:

A Free and Responsible Press: A general report on mass communication: newspapers, radio, motion pictures, magazines, and books. By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. (Revised.) By the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). n.p.: n.p., 1947. 21 pp. Pamphlet published as supplement to *Fortune*, Apr. 1947, and apparently circulated separately.

"A Free and Responsible Press: A general report on mass communication: newspapers, radio, motion pictures, magazines, and books by the Commission on Freedom of the Press." (Revised.) By the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Fortune* Apr. 1947: 1-21 (supplement).

"The Requirements." (Excerpt.) By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication*. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1950. 483-488.

"The Requirements." (Excerpt.) By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication*. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. Enl. ed. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1953. 483-488.

"The Requirements." (Excerpt.) By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication*. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. 2nd ed. New York: Free Press, 1966. 529-534.

"What the Press Should Be – and What the Press Is." (Selections.) As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press. *Voice of the People: Readings in Public Opinion and Propaganda*. Ed. Reo M. Christenson and Robert O. McWilliams. 2nd ed. McGraw-Hill Series in Political Science. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1967. 120-124.

Articles

"The Data of Psychoanalysis and the Social Sciences." *American Journal of Psychoanalysis* 7 (1947): 26-35.

Social science is concerned with values and institutions. Data obtained using psychoanalytic methods – particularly free association – are relevant to the social sciences and should be collected, made available, and used for this purpose as well as for medical applications.

"Freedom of the Press: A Summary Statement of Principle." Appendix. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, Wil-

liam E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *A Free and Responsible Press: A General Report on Mass Communication: Newspapers, Radio, Motion Pictures, Magazines, and Books*. By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. 107-133.

This appendix presents the Commission's overview of the issue of a free press. In fifteen sections, it touches on the parties involved in freedom of the press, the necessary protection of freedom, the roles of the community and the government, and the right of free speech plus abuses, limits, and accountability in its exercise. The statement concludes with a definition of freedom of the press, its problems in practice, and the value of this goal for a society.

Reprinted:

"Summary of Principle: A Statement of the Commission." Appendix. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Freedom of the Press: A Framework of Principle. A Report from the Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By William Ernest Hocking. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. 209-232.

"Propaganda in Wartime: A Major Strategical and Tactical Weapon." A radio discussion by Harold D. Lasswell and [Bernard] Mullins. *Yale Interprets the News* 26 Jan. 1947: 1-5.

Lasswell responds to questions about the usefulness of propaganda in wartime. Lasswell also compares the uses of propaganda in World War I and World War II.

"Public Attention, Opinion and Action." By Harold D. Lasswell and Joseph M. Goldsen. *International Journal of Opinion and Attitude Research* 1 (1947): 3-11.

After the authors outline conditions of a "perfect" attention process (structures and functions specialized for intelligence and propaganda),

they advance several hypotheses for future research on attention processes.

"Toward a Skill Commonwealth: A Workable Goal of World Politics." *Approaches to Group Understanding: Sixth Symposium*. Ed. Lyman Bryson, Louis Finkelstein, and R. M. MacIver. New York: Conference on Science, Philosophy and Religion in Their Relation to the Democratic Way of Life; New York: Harper & Brothers, 1947. 290-302.

This essay reviews trends in the development of modern states, focusing specifically on individual skill. After discussing issues such as the acquisition, exercise, control, and reward of skill, Lasswell looks to the development of skill commonwealths and their possible contributions to the future.

"What Other People Think of Us." A radio discussion by Senator Wayne Morse, William Benton, Harold D. Lasswell, and Sterling Fisher. *Our Foreign Policy*, No. 108. New York: Columbia University Press, 8 Mar. 1947. 1-3.

The opinion that others hold about the United States can prevent war, according to Lasswell, since an underestimation of strength or decency can lead an aggressor to act on stereotypes. The panelists also discuss how actions and policies are fundamental to a country's reputation even though foreign propaganda can distort reality.

Comments

"Recommendations of the Commission on Freedom of the Press." Appendix. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Government and Mass Communications: A Report from the Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By Zechariah Chafee, Jr. Vol. 2. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. 801-802.

Reprinted:

"Recommendations of the Commission on Freedom of the Press." Appendix. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Government and Mass Communications*. By Zechariah Chafee, Jr. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1965. 801-802.

"Statement by the Commission." As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *The American Radio: A Report on the Broadcasting Industry in the United States from The Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By Llewellyn White. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. v-xi.

"Statement by the Commission." As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Freedom of the Movies: A Report on Self-Regulation from The Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By Ruth A. Inglis. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. v-viii.

"Statement by the Commission." As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Government and Mass Communications: A Report from the Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By Zechariah Chafee, Jr. Vol. 1. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. vii-x.

Reprinted:

"Statement by the Commission." As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Government and Mass Communications*. By Zechariah Chafee, Jr. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1965. vii-x.

Reviews

Hitler's Kampf Gegen Die Objektivität, by Svend Ranulf. *Public Opinion Quarterly* 11 (1947): 274-275.

Lions Under the Throne, by Charles P. Curtis, Jr. *Yale Law Journal* 56 (1947): 1467-1469.

Man, Morals and Society, by J. C. Flugel. *Psychoanalytic Quarterly* 16 (1947): 240.

The Nine Young Men, by Wesley McCune. *Yale Law Journal* 56 (1947): 1467-1469.

Reprints

A Free and Responsible Press: A general report on mass communication: newspapers, radio, motion pictures, magazines, and books. By the Commission on Freedom of the Press. 1947 (revised). By the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). n.p.: n.p., 1947. 21 pp. Pamphlet published as supplement to *Fortune*, Apr. 1947, and apparently circulated separately.

"A Free and Responsible Press: A general report on mass communication: newspapers, radio, motion pictures, magazines, and books by the Commission on Freedom of the Press." 1947 (revised). By the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert

Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Fortune* Apr. 1947: 1-21 (supplement).

"Summary of Principle: A Statement of the Commission." 1947 ("Freedom of the Press: A Summary Statement of Principle"). Appendix. As a member of the Commission on Freedom of the Press (Robert M. Hutchins, Zechariah Chafee, Jr., John M. Clark, John Dickinson, William E. Hocking, Harold D. Lasswell, Archibald MacLeish, Charles E. Merriam, Reinhold Niebuhr, Robert Redfield, Beardsley Ruml, Arthur M. Schlesinger, and George N. Schuster). *Freedom of the Press: A Framework of Principle: A Report from the Commission on Freedom of the Press*. By William Ernest Hocking. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1947. 209-232.

1948

Books

The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 314 pp.

This collection of sixteen essays by Lasswell contains one new essay, "Self-Observation: Recording the Focus of Attention." The volume is organized into three sections: 1) how to integrate science, morals, and politics; 2) how to analyze politics; and 3) how to observe and record politics.

Reprinted:

The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966.

Available through University Microfilms International.

Power and Personality. New York: W. W. Norton, 1948. 262 pp.

Lasswell first defines power and its bases, including the influence of culture and social structure on political types. He then defines and discusses "political man," including the effects of character on the political process. He suggests how political leadership can enhance

democratic management through wider value sharing. His final chapter discusses projective thinking (developmental constructs) and contextual analysis.

Reprinted:

"Power and Personality." (Selection abridged.) *Political Behavior: A Reader in Theory and Research*. Ed. Heinz Eulau, Samuel J. Eldersveld, and Morris Janowitz. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1956. 90-103.

Power and Personality. New York: Viking Press, 1962.

"The Bases of Power." (Excerpt.) *Modern Sociology: An Introduction to the Study of Human Interaction*. Ed. Alvin W. Gouldner and Helen P. Gouldner with Joseph R. Gusfield and Kathleen Archibald. New York: Harcourt, Brace & World, 1963. 222-225.

"Power and Personality." (Excerpt.) *American Democracy: Essays on Image and Realities*. Ed. Leonard J. Fein. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1964. 213-223.

"Power and Personality." (Excerpts.) *Judicial Behavior: A Reader in Theory and Research*. Ed. Glendon Schubert. Rand McNally Political Science Series. Chicago: Rand McNally, 1964. 28-39.

"Three Judges." (Excerpt.) *Political Leadership in American Government*. Ed. James David Barber. Boston: Little, Brown, 1964. 187-206.

"Power and Personality." (Abridged.) *Psychology Today* 2 (1968): 64-67.

"The Political Personality." (Excerpt.) *Psychology & Politics: An Introductory Reader*. Ed. Leroy N. Rieselbach and George I. Balch. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1969. 46-61.

"The Political Personality." (Excerpt.) *Personality and Politics*. Ed. Gordon J. DiRenzo. Garden City, NY: Anchor Books-Anchor Press-Doubleday, 1974. 38-54.

Power and Personality. New York: Norton, 1976.

Power and Personality. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1976.

Articles

"Attention Structure and Social Structure." *The Communication of Ideas*. Ed. Lyman Bryson. New York: Institute for Religious and Social Studies, 1948. 243-276.

This article defines social structure as the basic patterns of shaping and sharing values in communities. It defines attention structure as the information frame for various types of community participants. Lasswell indicates that insufficient knowledge exists about interrelations among social and attention structures. To address this situation, Lasswell discusses some observational procedures, the effects of surroundings and context on attention, and a general theory of attention, including several propositions and hypotheses. He ends by outlining a comparative sampling of political doctrine through 1939.

Reprinted:

"Attention Structure and Social Structure." *The Communication of Ideas*. Ed. Lyman Bryson. Religion and Civilization Series. New York: Cooper Square Publishers, 1964. 243-276.

"The Clarifier of Public Discussion." *Quarterly Journal of Speech* 34 (1948): 451-454.

The clarifier is presented as a person who would function in large public discussions by raising questions in order to promote public understanding of issues and choices.

Conference of Social Scientists. Project Rand (USAF Project MX-791). Proc. of a Conference held in New York. 14-19 Sept. 1947. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation, 9 June 1948. 334 pp. [passim].

This verbatim transcript of the conference proceedings, originally classified as a restricted document, reports the comments of conference participants, including Lasswell. His remarks are scattered throughout, especially in these sections: Closing Plenary (pp. 11-18), Panel I: Aggression and Morale (pp. 95-111), Committee I: Psychological and Sociological Studies (pp. 149-155), Panel IV: Elite-Mass Relations (pp. 157-177), Panel V: International Relations (pp. 179-208), Committee II: Political Studies (pp. 209-217), and Committee IV: Intelligence and Military Affairs (pp. 297-306).

"Prevention of the Garrison State." *Our Imperiled Resources. Report of the 17th Annual New York Herald Tribune Forum*. New York: Herald Tribune, 1948. 107-110.

Lasswell's short speech opened the session called Balancing Security and Freedom. He declares that "peace at any price" is not palatable to the American people but that prohibitive costs for national security could lead to a garrison-police state. He then outlines eight problems which must be managed if civilian supremacy is to be maintained.

"The Prospects of Cooperation in a Bipolar World." *University of Chicago Law Review* 15 (1948): 877-901.

After posing the question of whether Russians and Americans can cooperate, Lasswell identifies four periods of bipolar relations, constructs a model of the fourth period (the turning point), and uses that model to detail the intervening periods. Lasswell concludes that peace will at all times depend upon a "precarious balance."

"Self-Observation: Recording the Focus of Attention." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 279-286.

Lasswell discusses self-observation as a means for systematically recording and analyzing an observer's daily contacts, those feelings and expectations held in regard to them, as well as conceptions of goals and objectives.

Reprinted:

"Self-Observation: Recording the Focus of Attention." *Reader in Bureaucracy*. Ed. Robert K. Merton, Ailsa P. Gray, Barbara Hockey, and Hanan C. Selvin. Glencoe, IL: Free Press, 1952. 425-430.

"Self-Observation: Recording the Focus of Attention." *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. Hamden, CT: Archon Books, 1966. 279-286.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *The Communication of Ideas*. Ed. Lyman Bryson. New York: Institute for Religious and Social Studies, 1948. 37-51.

Lasswell uses the model "Who, Says What, In Which Channel, To Whom, With What Effect?" to describe an act of communication. He uses analogies and comparisons to focus on physical surveillance, coordination of societal reactions, and conveyance of the group's culture and heritage. He touches on needs and values, social conflict, and sentiment groups, among other topics.

Reprinted:

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *Mass Communications*. Ed. Wilbur Lang Schramm. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1949. 102-115.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *Mass Communications: A Book of Readings*. Ed. Wilbur Schramm. 2nd ed. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1960. 117-130.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *The Communication of Ideas*. Ed. Lyman Bryson. Religion and Civilization Series. New York: Cooper Square Publishers, 1964. 37-51.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *Reader in Public Opinion and Communication*. Ed. Bernard Berelson and Morris Janowitz. 2nd ed. New York: Free Press, 1966. 178-190.

"The Structure and Function of Communication in Society." *The Process and Effects of Mass Communication*. Ed. Wilbur Schramm and Donald F. Roberts. Rev. ed. Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1971. 84-99.

"A World Community Association." *Common Cause: A Monthly Report of the Committee to Frame a World Constitution* 2 (1948): 48-50.

In the form of a pledge, this brief piece outlines nine major requirements for membership in a World Community Association.

"World Loyalty." *The World Community*. Ed. Quincy Wright. The Norman Wait Harris Memorial Foundation, Twenty-third Institute. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. 200-225.

World loyalty is defined as positive identification with a symbol for a world society in which human dignity is accepted in theory and in

practice. Lasswell examines the contextual interaction of world loyalty with other factors in the world community.

Comments

"Discussion of World Institutions." *The World Community*. Ed. Quincy Wright. The Norman Wait Harris Memorial Foundation, Twenty-third Institute. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. 267-302 [passim].

"Discussion of World Loyalty." *The World Community*. Ed. Quincy Wright. The Norman Wait Harris Memorial Foundation, Twenty-third Institute. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1948. 226-258 [passim].

Reviews

American Communism: A Critical Analysis of Its Origins, Development and Programs, by James Oneal and G. A. Werner. *American Journal of Sociology* 54 (1948): 270.

Lawyers, Law Schools and the Public Service, by Esther Lucile Brown. *University of Pennsylvania Law Review* 96 (1948): 909-910.

The More Perfect Union: A Program for the Control of Inter-group Discrimination in the United States, by R. M. MacIver. *Survey Graphic* 37 (1948): 477-478.

Postwar Germans; An Anthropologist's Account, by David Rodnick. *Public Opinion Quarterly* 12 (1948): 505-506.

Reprints

"The Changing Italian Élite." 1937 ("Governmental and Party Leaders in Fascist Italy"). By Harold D. Lasswell with Renzo Sereno. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 158-172.

"The Developing Science of Democracy." 1942. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 1-12.

"The Garrison State and Specialists on Violence." 1941 ("The Garrison State"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New

- York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 146-157.
- "General Framework: Person, Personality, Group, Culture." 1939 ("Person, Personality, Group, Culture"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 195-234.
- "Legal Education and Public Policy: Professional Training in the Public Interest." 1943. By Harold D. Lasswell and Myres S. McDougal. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 21-119.
- "The Participant-Observer: A Study of Administrative Rules in Action." 1935 ("Twisting Relief Rules"). By Harold D. Lasswell and Gabriel Almond. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 261-278.
- "Policy and the Intelligence Function: Ideological Intelligence." 1942 ("The Relation of Ideological Intelligence to Public Policy"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 120-131.
- "The Prolonged Insight Interview of Freud." 1939 ("The Contribution of Freud's Insight Interview to the Social Sciences"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 287-295.
- "Psychology Looks at Morals and Politics." 1941. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 13-20.
- "The Psychology of Hitlerism as a Response of the Lower Middle Classes to Continuing Insecurity." 1933 ("The Psychology of Hitlerism"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 235-245.
- "Radio as an Instrument of Reducing Personal Insecurity." 1941. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 246-260.

- "The Rise of the Propagandist." 1939 ("The Propagandist Bids for Power"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 173-179.
- "Skill Politics and Skill Revolution." 1937 ("The Relation of Skill Politics to Class Politics and National Politics"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 133-145.
- "The Triple-Appeal Principle: A Dynamic Key." 1932 ("The Triple-Appeal Principle: A Contribution of Psychoanalysis to Political and Social Science"). *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 180-194.
- "The World Attention Survey." 1941. *The Analysis of Political Behaviour: An Empirical Approach*. New York: Oxford University Press; London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1948. 296-303.

1949

Books

Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Yakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 398 pp.

This collection of essays focuses on the quantitative analysis of political language to improve anticipation of the enemy, detection of political propaganda, skill, and understanding of attitudes. The various chapters examine problems of technique (validation, reliability, coding, sampling, and imbalance) and application (detection, trend, and interaction).

Reprinted:

Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965.

Pamphlets

Psychological Aspects of Foreign Aid and Development Programs. Washington, DC: Department of State, Foreign Service Institute, 1949. 17 pp.

In this speech given 5 May 1949, Lasswell raises many points about what psychology can and cannot do. He notes how cultural, social, and class predispositions affect developmental and enlightenment strategies, and he examines the role of ideology. He suggests that aid and development policies depend on understanding a culture's sense of its own dignity.

Articles

Conference on Methods for Studying the Psychological Effects of Unconventional Weapons. Proc. of a Conference sponsored by the Social Science Division, The RAND Corporation. 26-28 Jan. 1949. Santa Monica: Social Science Division, RAND Corporation, 1949. 130 pp. [passim].

This report, originally restricted, is a transcript of a conference on atomic, radiological, economic, psychological, and satellite weapons. Lasswell's comments as a participant appear throughout.

"Detection: Propaganda Detection and the Courts." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics.* By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 173-232.

This article presents four cases – Bookniga, Transocean, Auhagen, and Pelly – to illustrate eight tests for propaganda detection: avowal, parallel, consistency, presentation, source, concealed source, distinctiveness, and distortion.

Reprinted:

"Detection: Propaganda Detection and the Courts." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics.* By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 173-232.

"'Inevitable' War: A Problem in the Control of Long-Range Expectations." *World Politics* 2 (1949): 1-39.

Contrasting the official Soviet expectations about the future with the confused variety of Western expectations, Lasswell examines how Western policy might change the Soviet view. After using a developmental construct to explore the world political context, Lasswell reviews the natures of Marxism and liberalism. He concludes that changing opinion in the non-Soviet world may help bring worldwide change that could advance freedom rather than the garrison state.

"The Language of Power." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics.* By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 3-19.

Tracing relations between child and language development, Lasswell briefly analyzes the interaction of language, personality, and culture which produces political myth and doctrine.

Reprinted:

"The Language of Power." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics.* By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 3-19.

"Style in the Language of Politics." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics.* By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis,

Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 20-39.

Lasswell analyzes how style in political communication varies with expectations about what will achieve the greatest effect.

Reprinted:

"Language and Power." (Selection.) *Foundations of National Power*. Ed. Harold Sprout and Margaret Sprout. 2nd ed. New York: D. Van Nostrand, 1951. 65.

"Style in the Language of Politics." *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 20-39.

"Style in Political Communications." (Abridged.) *Harold D. Lasswell on Political Sociology*. Ed. Dwaine Marvick. The Heritage of Sociology. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1977. 245-256.

"Trend: May Day Slogans in Soviet Russia, 1918-1943." By Sergius Jakobson and Harold D. Lasswell. *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 233-297.

The authors analyze May Day slogans for key symbols, their functions in terms of doctrine, and the languages of the powerful and the ordinary people. They use eleven classes of symbols in their analyses and conclude that the slogans primarily support one theme: Soviet security.

Reprinted:

"Trend: May Day Slogans in Soviet Russia, 1918-1943." By Sergius Jakobson and Harold D. Lasswell. *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola

Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 233-297.

"Why Be Quantitative?" *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). New York: George Stewart, 1949. 40-52.

Lasswell suggests that his *Propaganda Technique in the World War* (1927) was limited by its focus on technique. Given this self-criticism, Lasswell then suggests that content analysis can be used to quantify and thus describe communication more accurately and significantly than thematic or other qualitative analysis. Improved analysis assists in deducing enemy strategy, identifying enemy propaganda, assessing the skillfulness of propaganda, and gaining understanding of what affects other people.

Reprinted:

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"Why Be Quantitative?" *Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics*. By Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites, and Associates (Raymond Fadner, Joseph M. Goldsen, Alan Grey, Irving L. Janis, Abraham Kaplan, David Kaplan, Alexander Mintz, I. de Sola Pool, and Sergius Jakobson). Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 1965. 40-52.

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Lasswell examines issues related to national defense, the threat of the garrison-police state, and the need for comprehensive national security policy. He also reviews the roles in national security of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of government as well as the public's role, including committees on national security and individual freedom.

Reprinted:

National Security and Individual Freedom. Civil Liberties in American History. New York: Da Capo Press, 1971.

Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry. By Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. Yale Law School Studies, No. 2. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press, 1950. 295 pp.

Viewing political science as a study of the shaping and sharing of power, the authors systematically categorize, define, and examine the units, interactions, functions, structures, and processes associated with the shaping and sharing of power in society. The major concepts discussed include persons, perspectives, groups, influence, power, symbols, practices, functions, structures, and process.

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Power and Society: A Framework for Political Inquiry. By Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan. International Library of Sociology and Social Reconstruction. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1952.